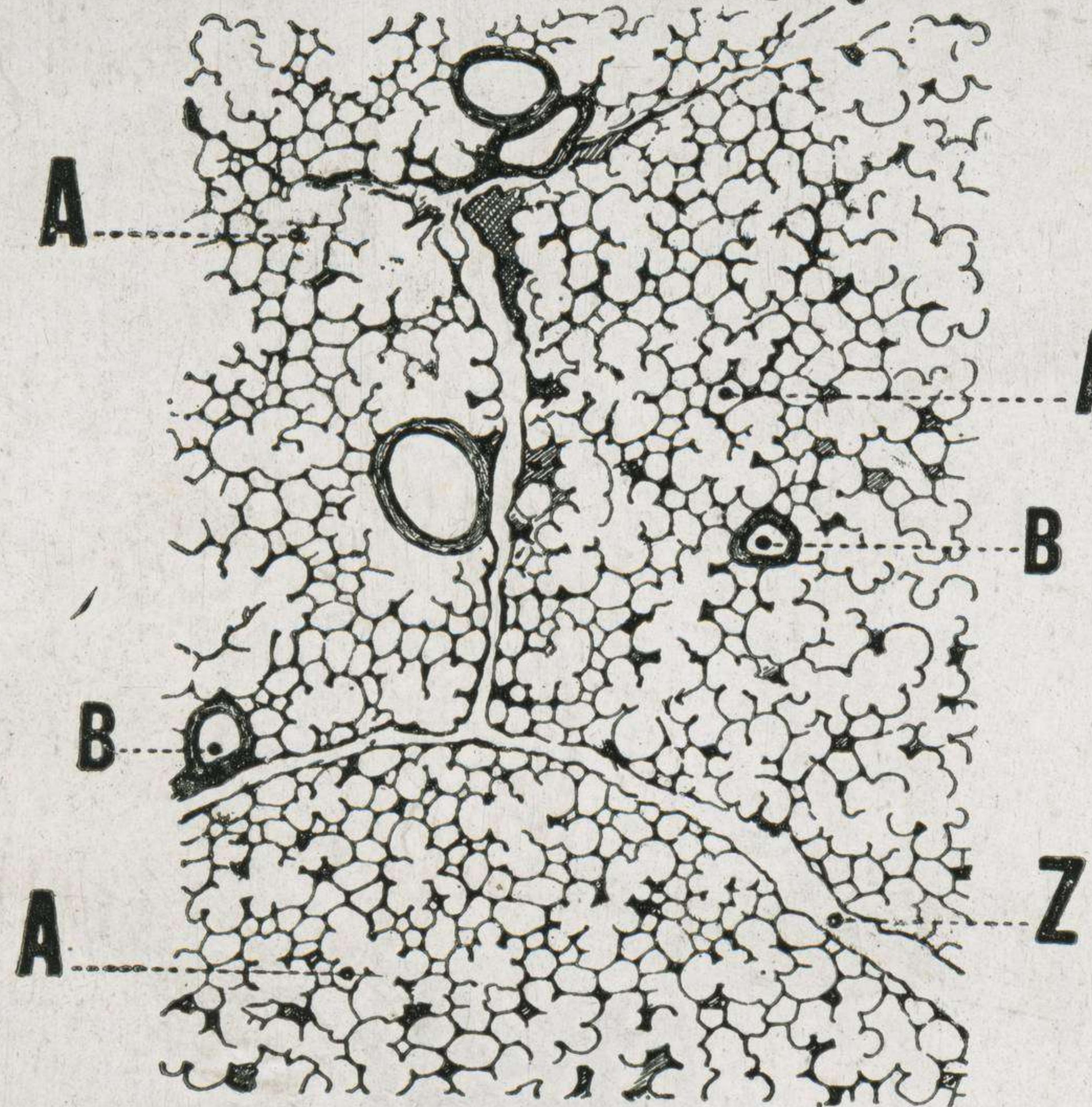
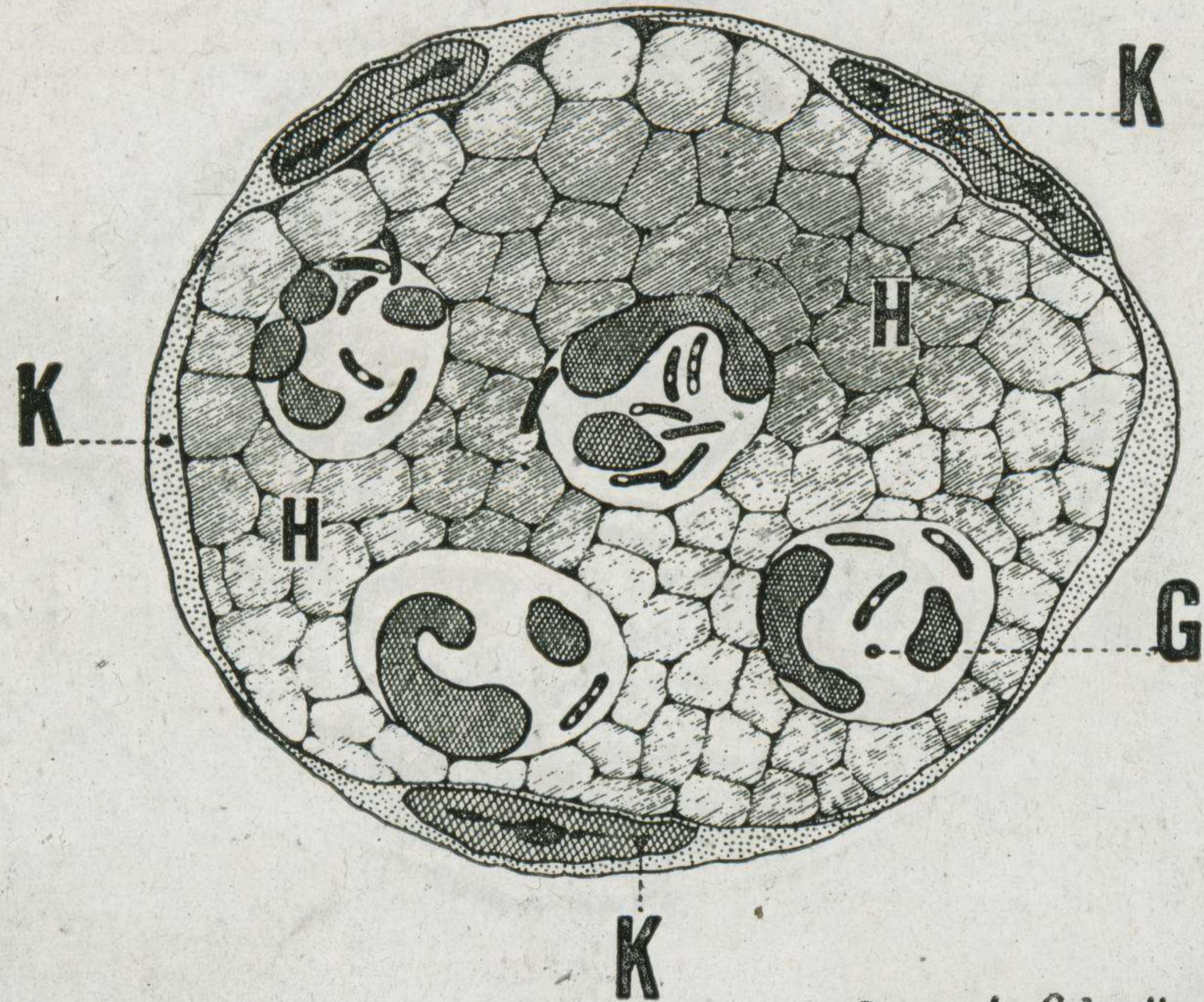


XIII. COUPE D'UN POUMON SAIN.



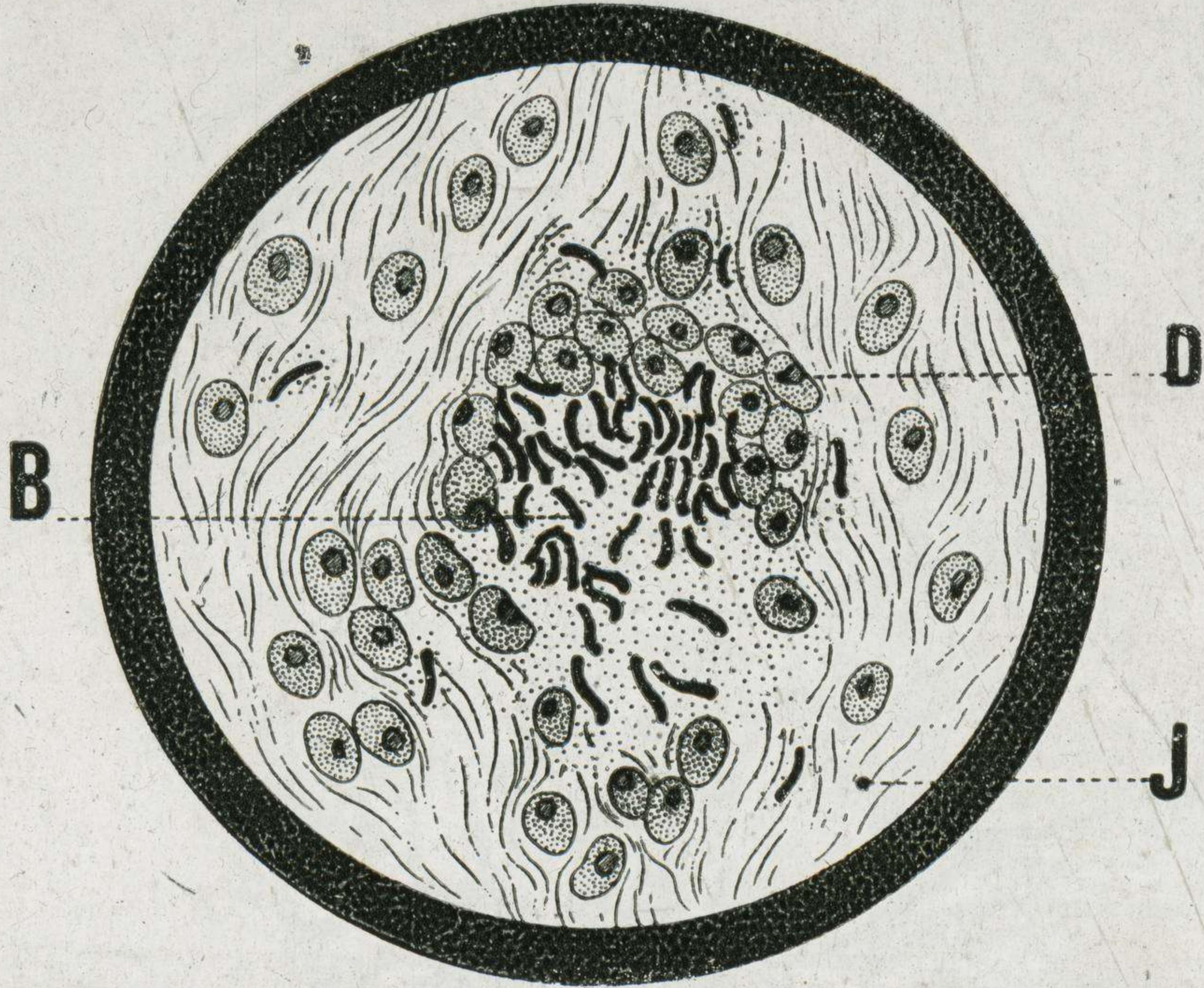
Imité de Letulle.

XIV. COUPE TRANSVERSALE
d'un VAISSEAU CAPILLAIRE.



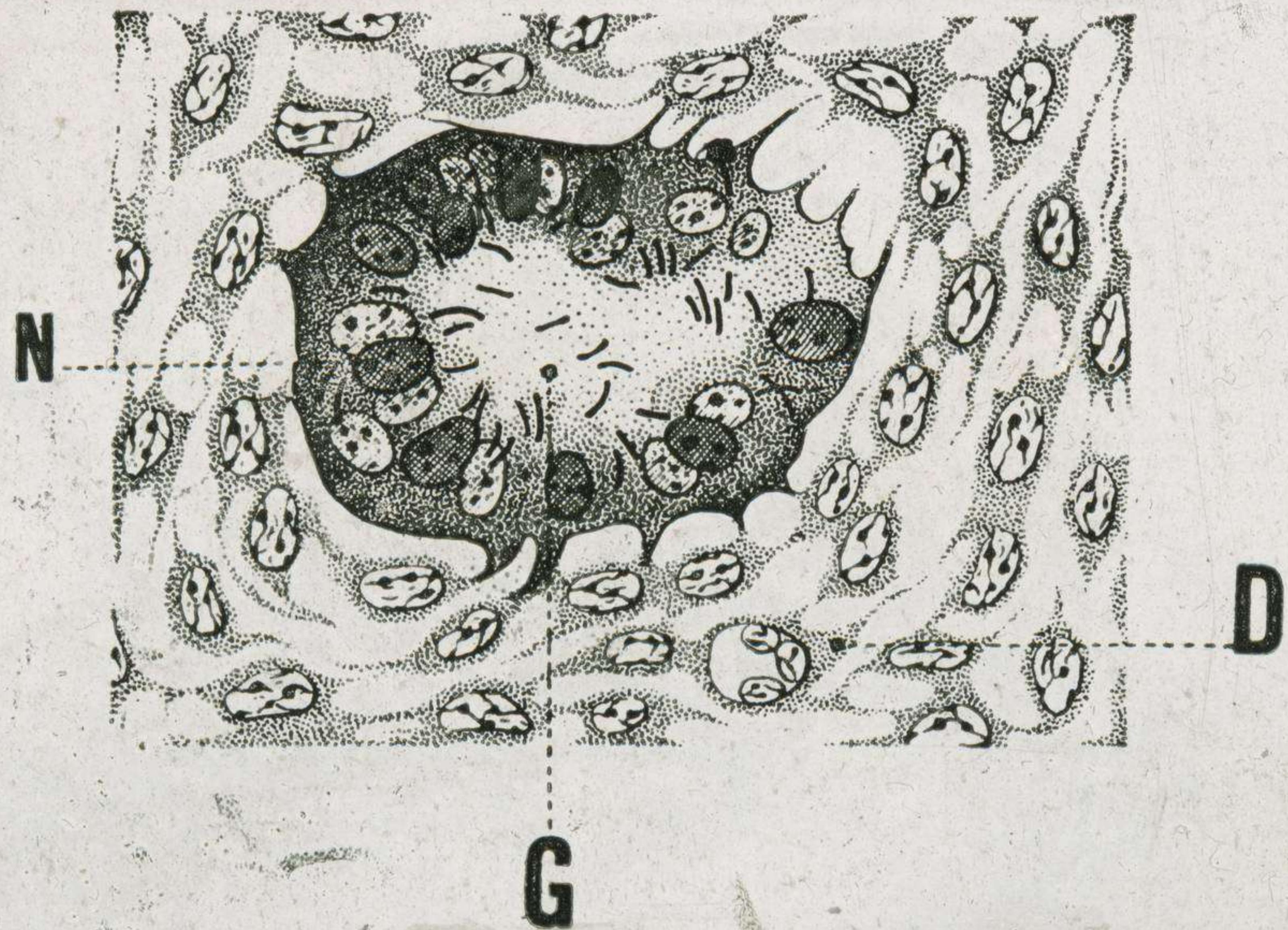
D'apr *A Gilnette*

XV. FOYER TUBERCULEUX PRIMITIF



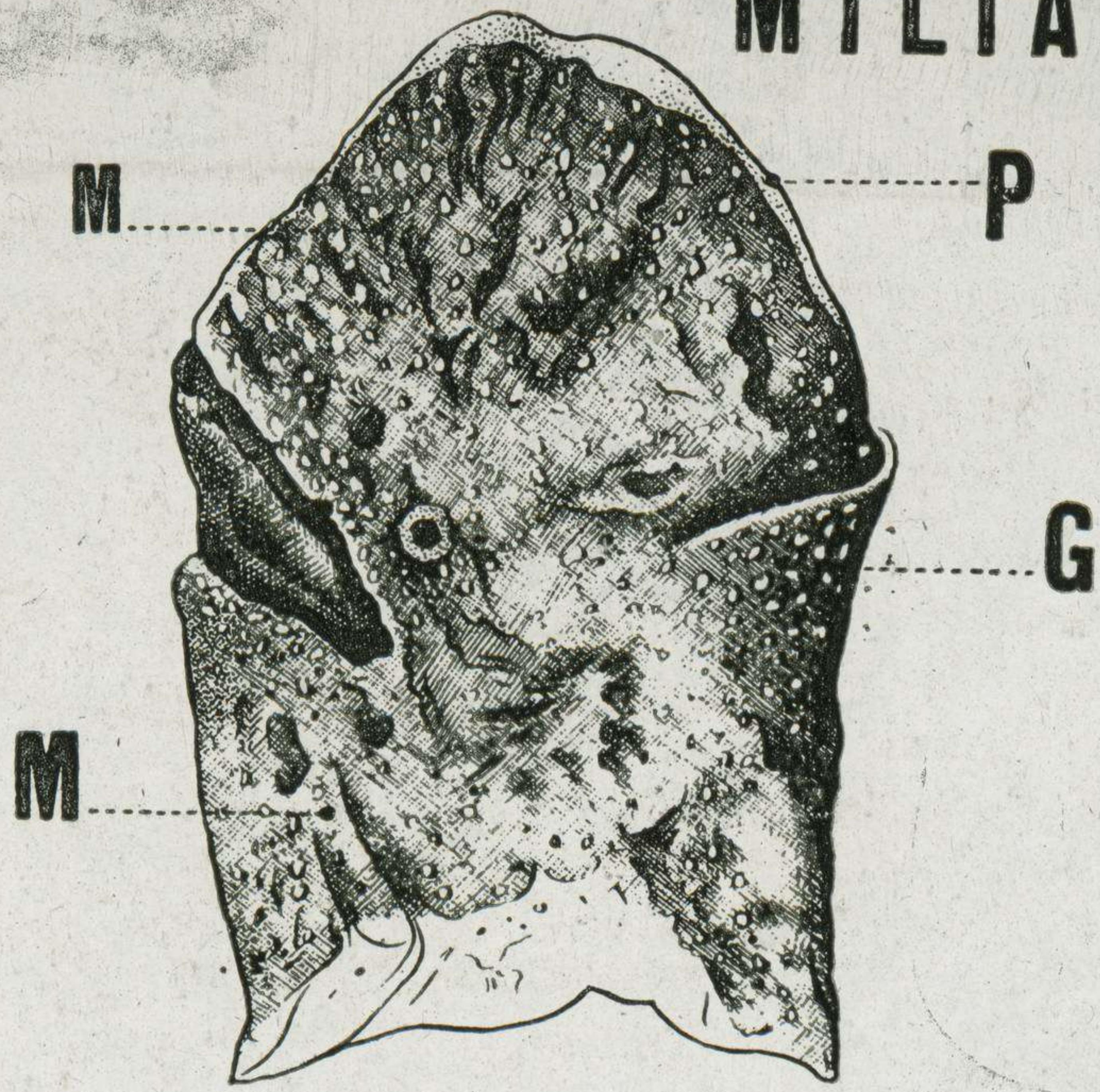
E. MAZO PARIS

XVI. LA CELLULE GÉANTE (FOLLICULE TUBERCULEUX)



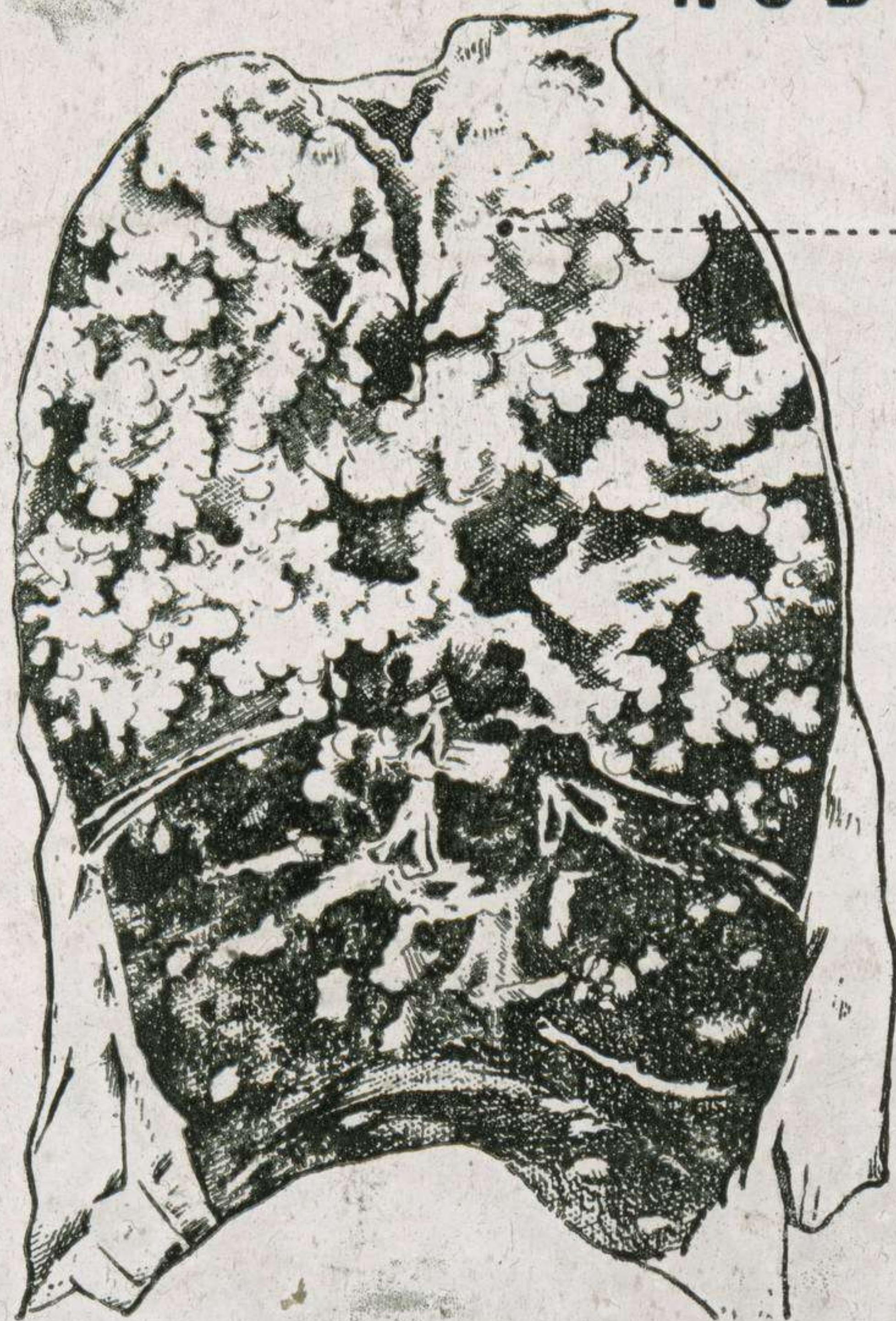
E. MAZO, A PARIS

XVII. TUBERCULOSE MILIAIRE.



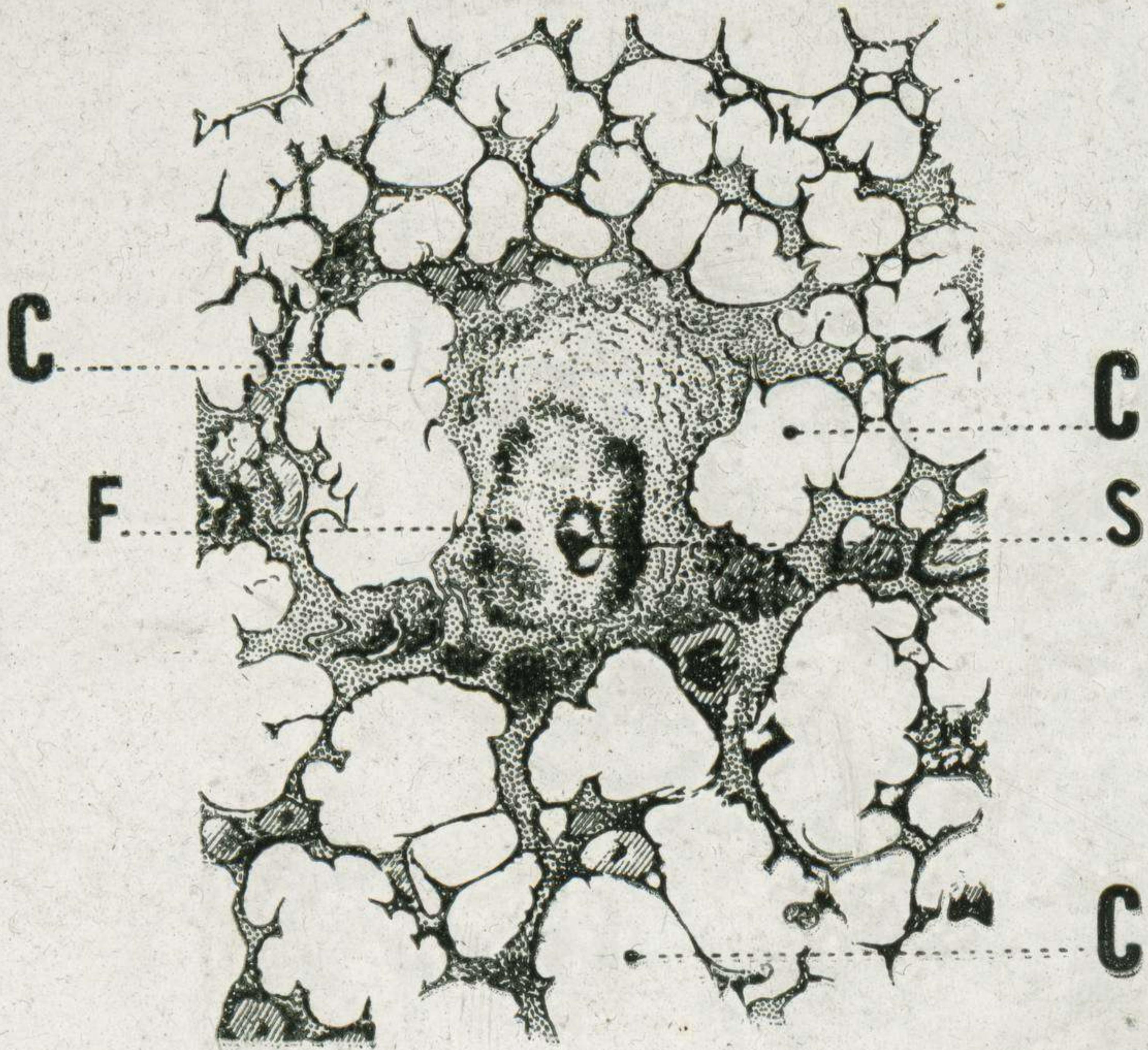
D'apr. Lethalle

XVIII. TUBERCULOSE
NODULAIRE



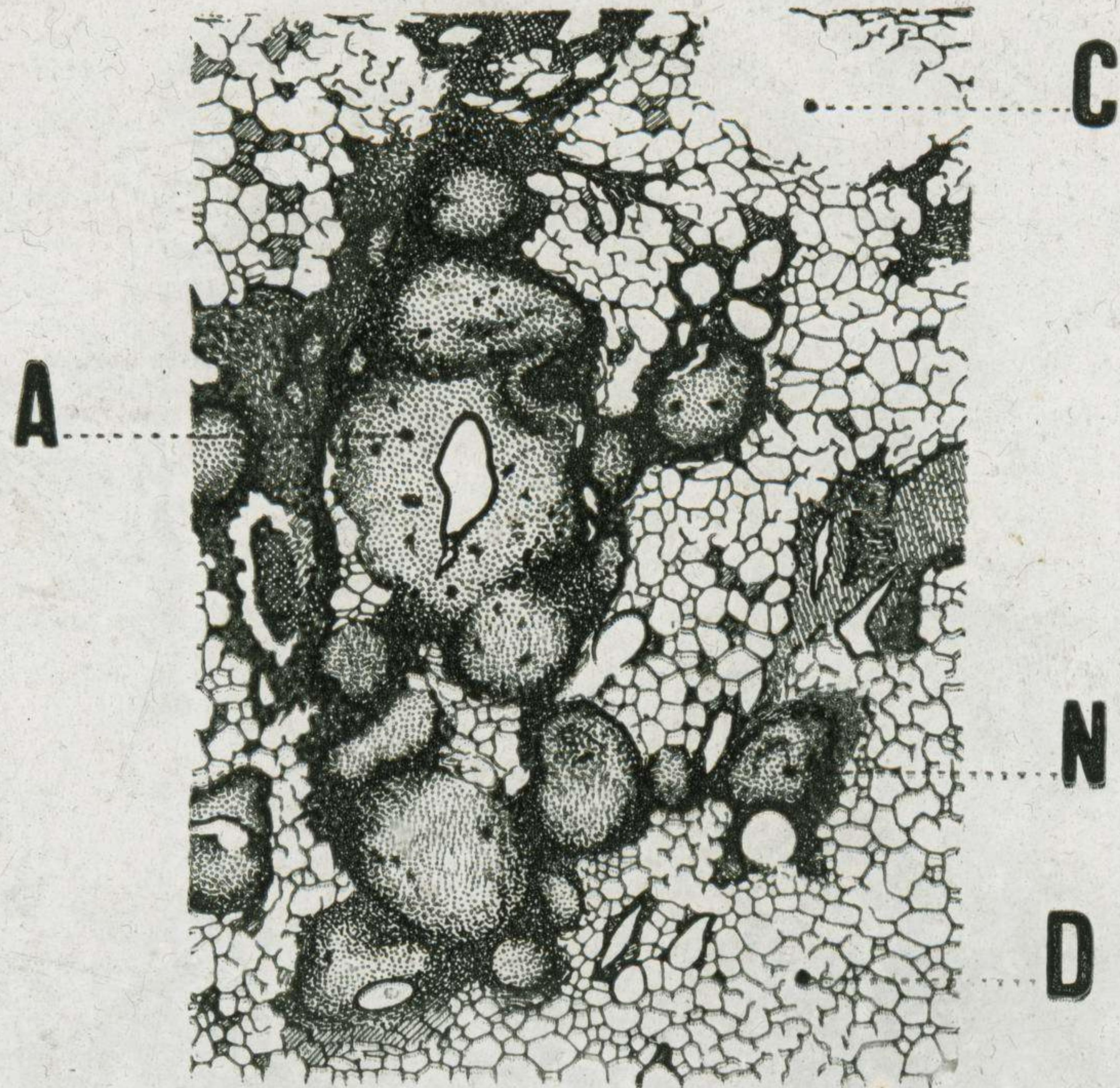
D'apr. Letulle

XIX. LE TUBERCULE MILIAIRE (AMAS de FOLLICULES)



D'apr *Letulle*

XX. LE NODULE TUBERCULEUX (Granulations sup^{res} à 5 mill.)



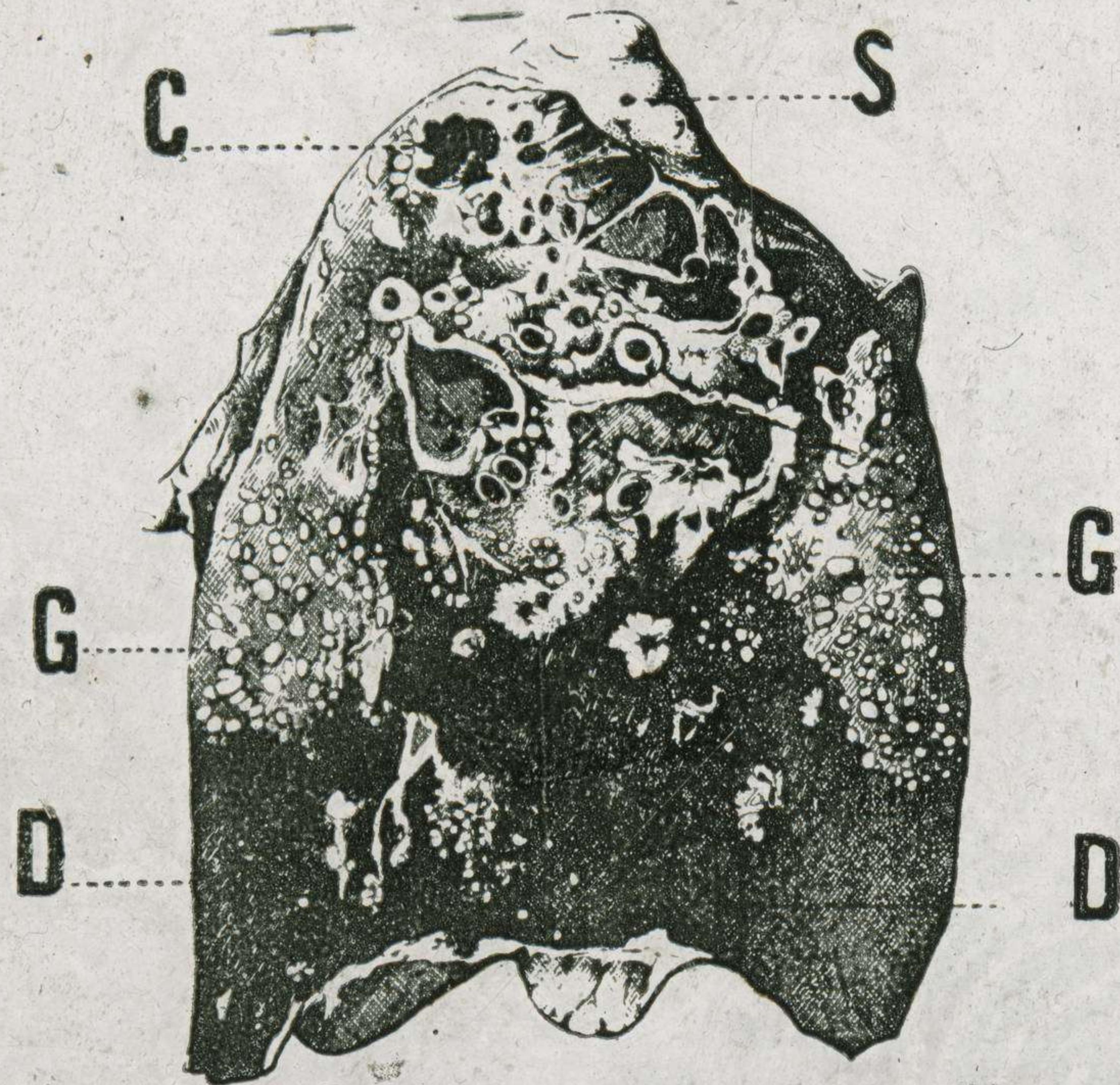
D'apr^s Letulle

XXI. RAMOLLISSÉMENT CENTRAL
D'UN BLOC CASÉEUX.



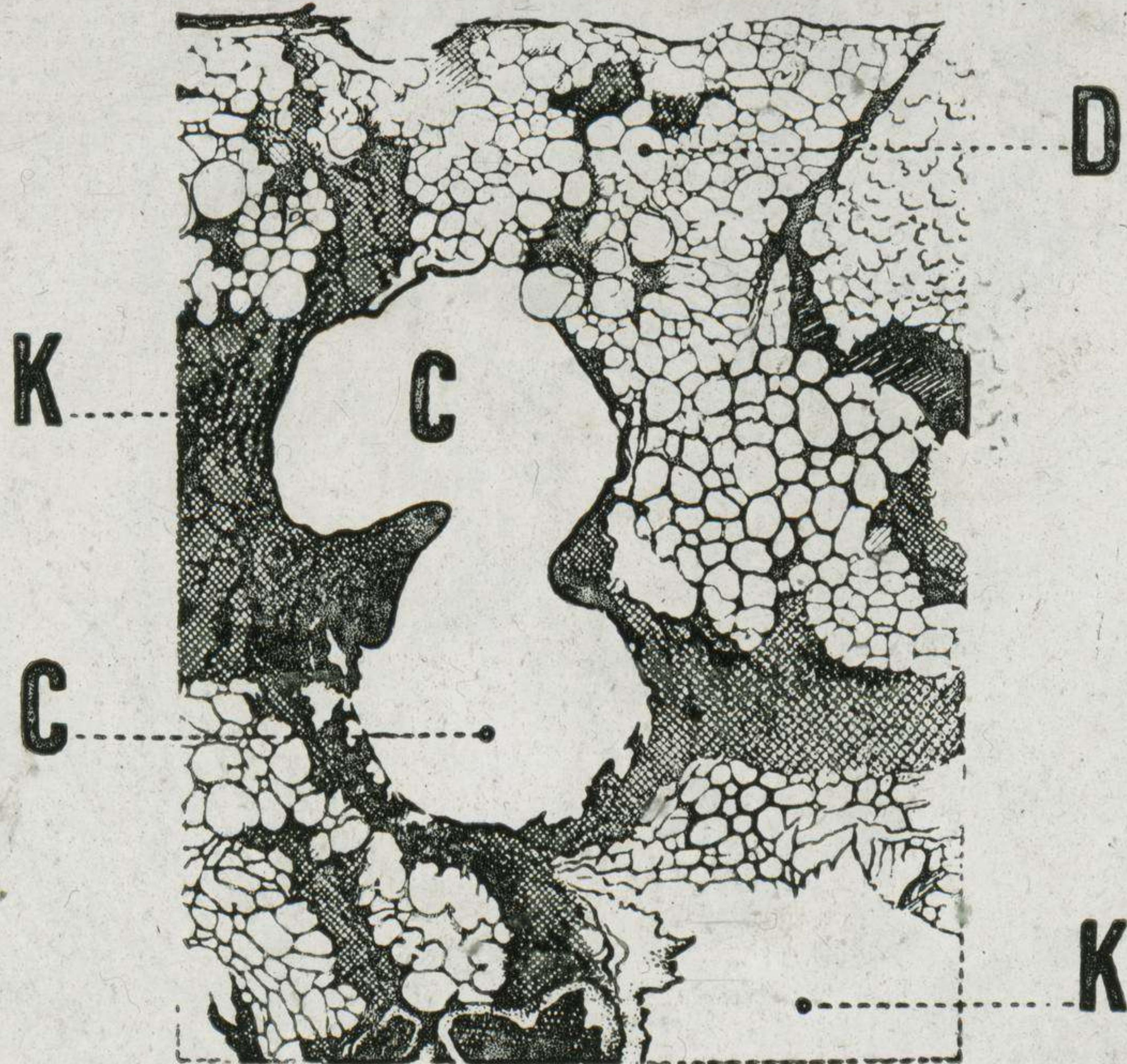
D'apr Letulle

XXII. LES CAVERNES
PULMONAIRES.



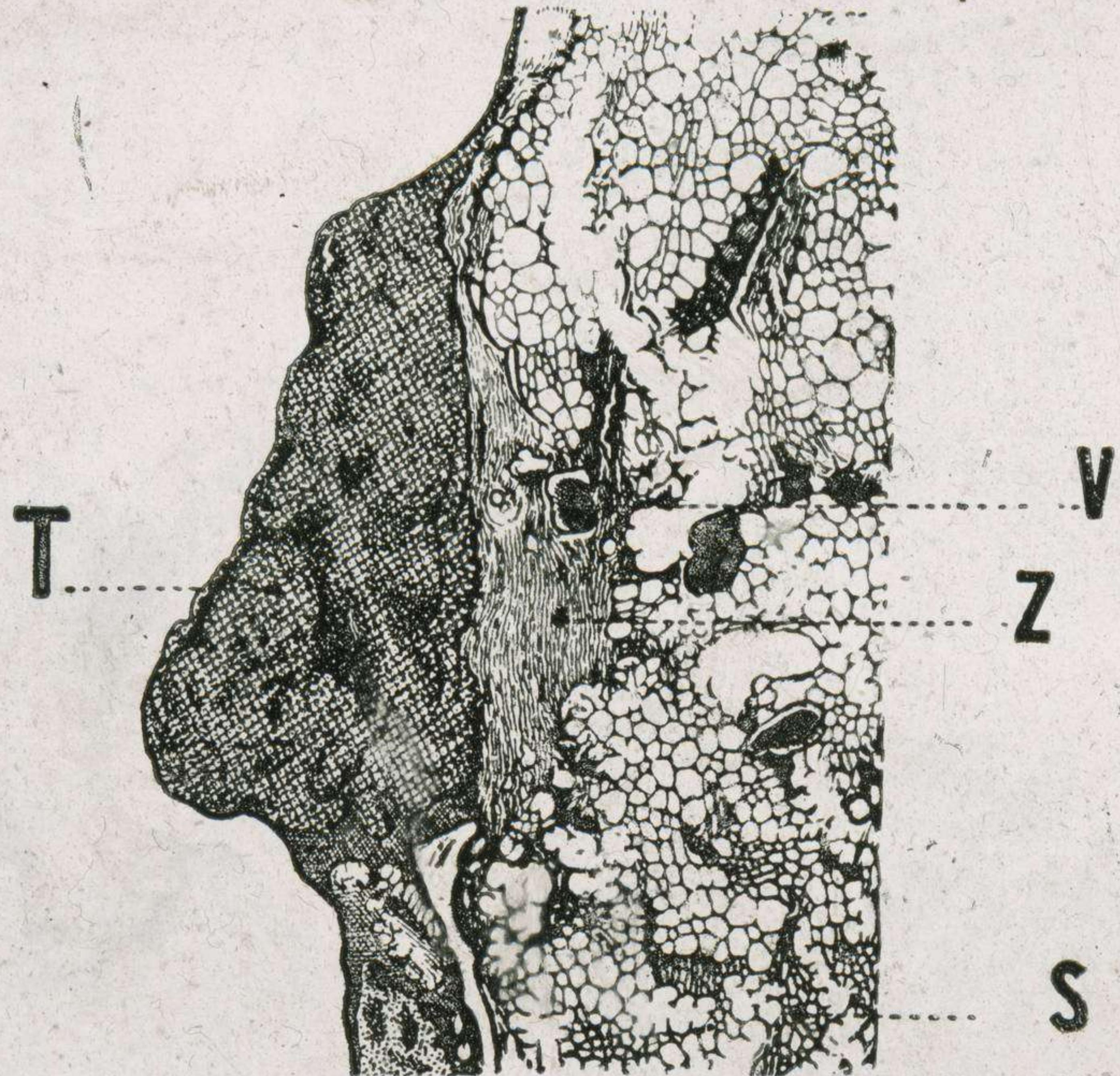
D'apr. Letulle.

XXIII. GRANDES CAVERNES D'EFFONDREMENT.



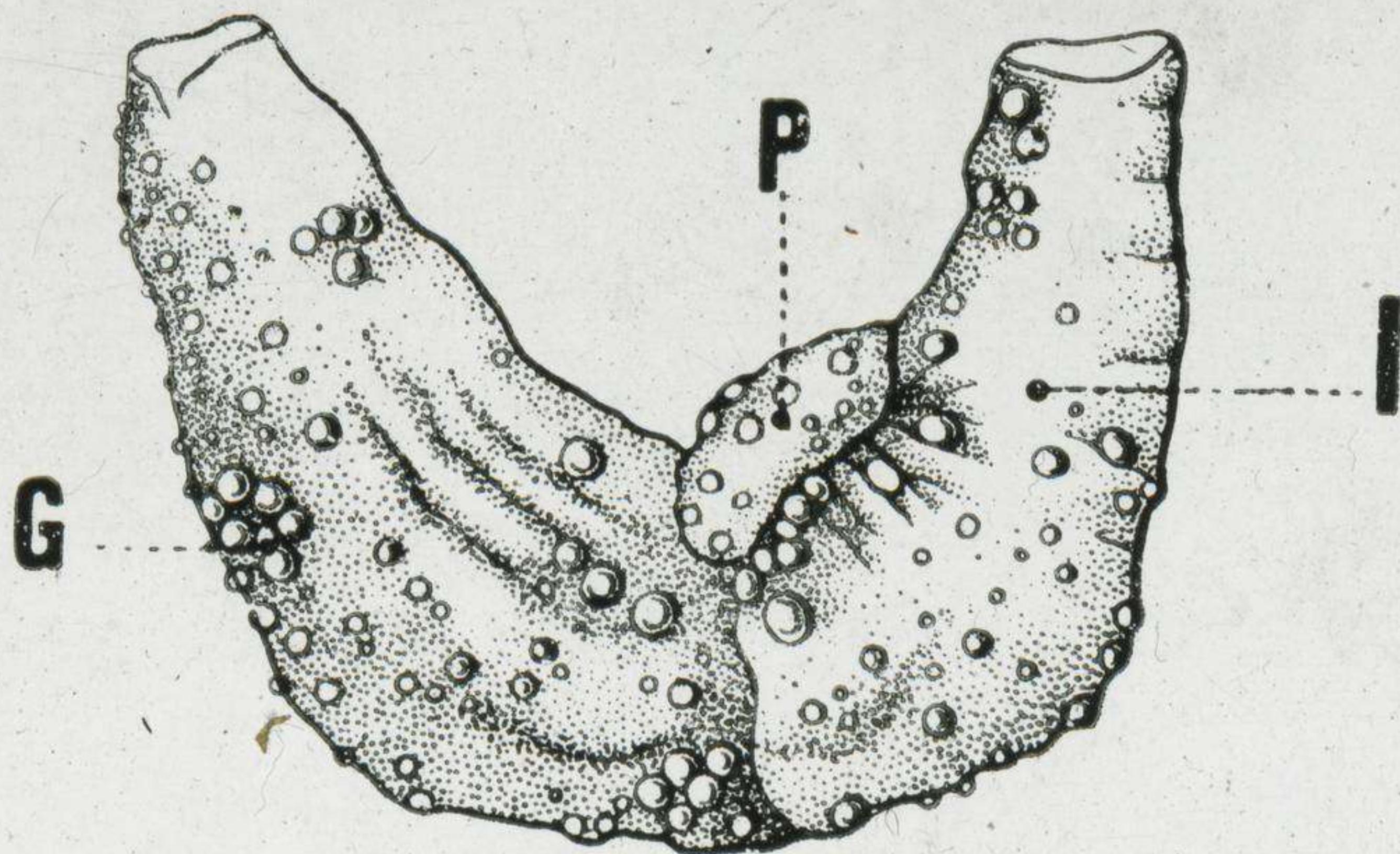
D'apr. Letulle

XXIV. LA TUBERCULOSE PLEURALE



D'apr. Letulle

XXV. TUBERCULOSE INTESTINALE CHEZ L'ENFANT.



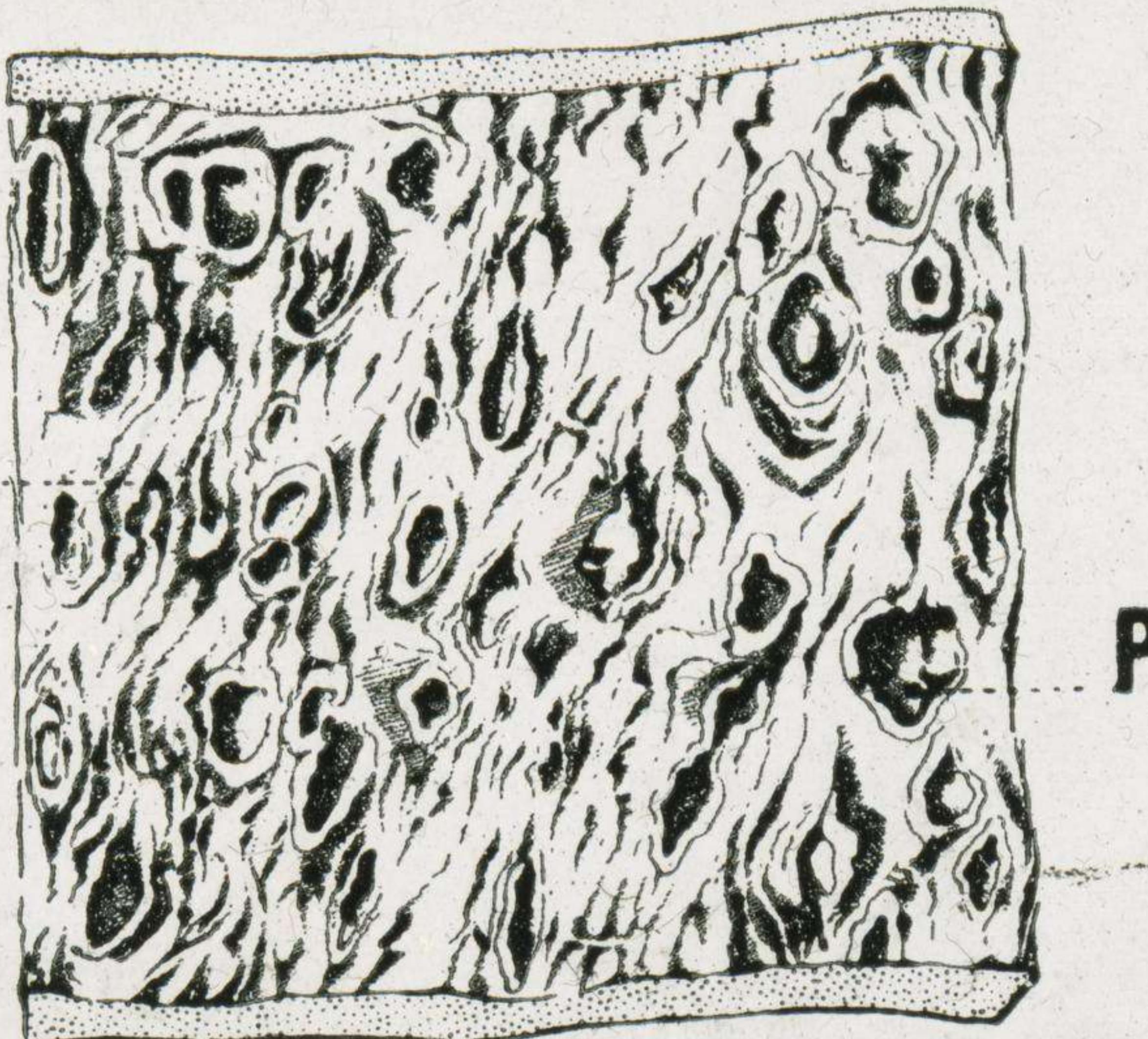
FORME GRANULIQUE

D apr. A. Calmette

E. MAZO. A PARIS

XXVI. TUBERCULOSE INTESTINALE CHEZ L'ADULTE.

D



P

GROS INTESTIN

D'apr. A Calmette

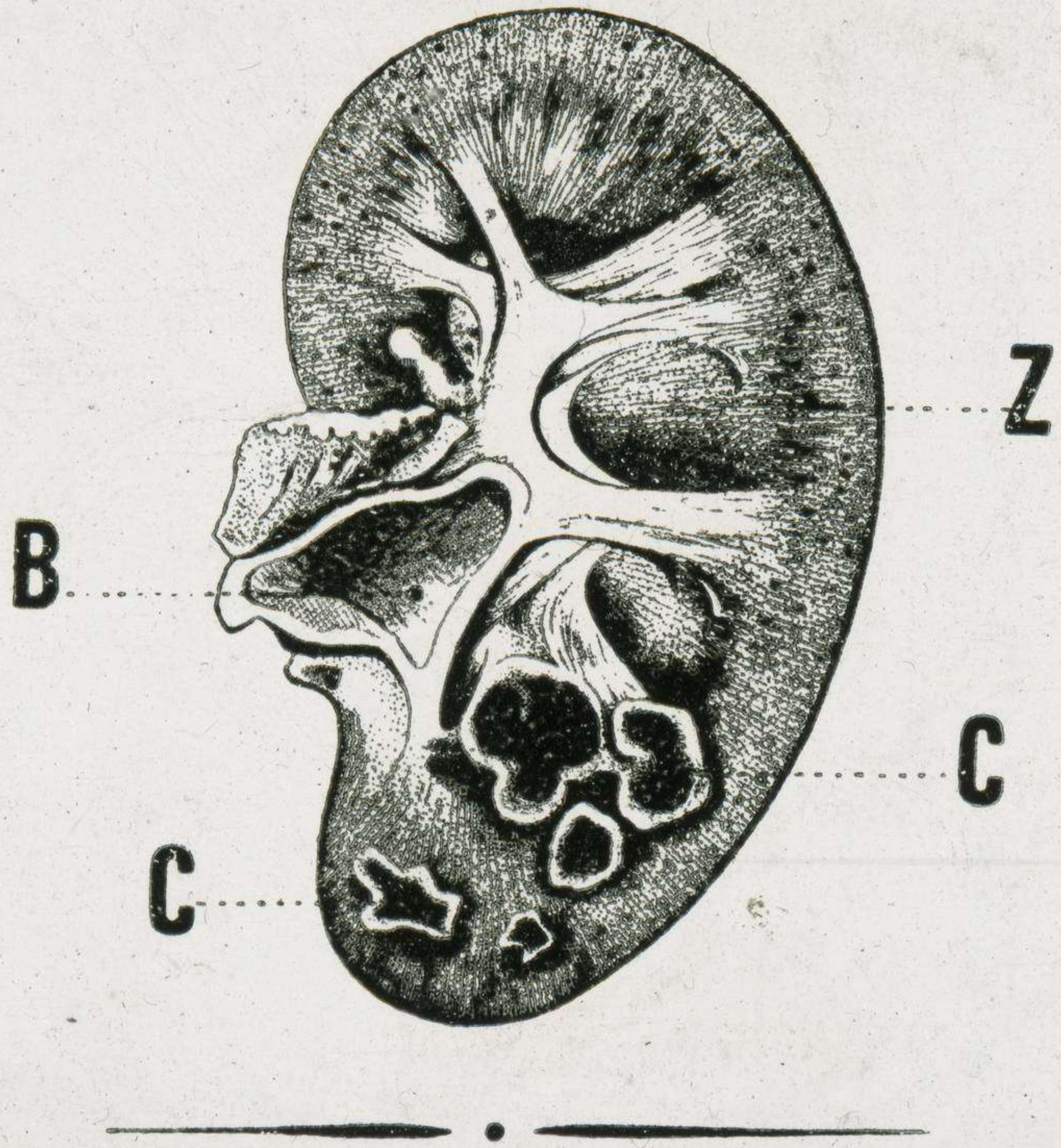
XXVII. TUBERCULOSE HÉPATIQUE.



Coupe du Foie

E. MAZO, à PARIS

XXVIII . T U B E R C U L O S E R É N A L E .



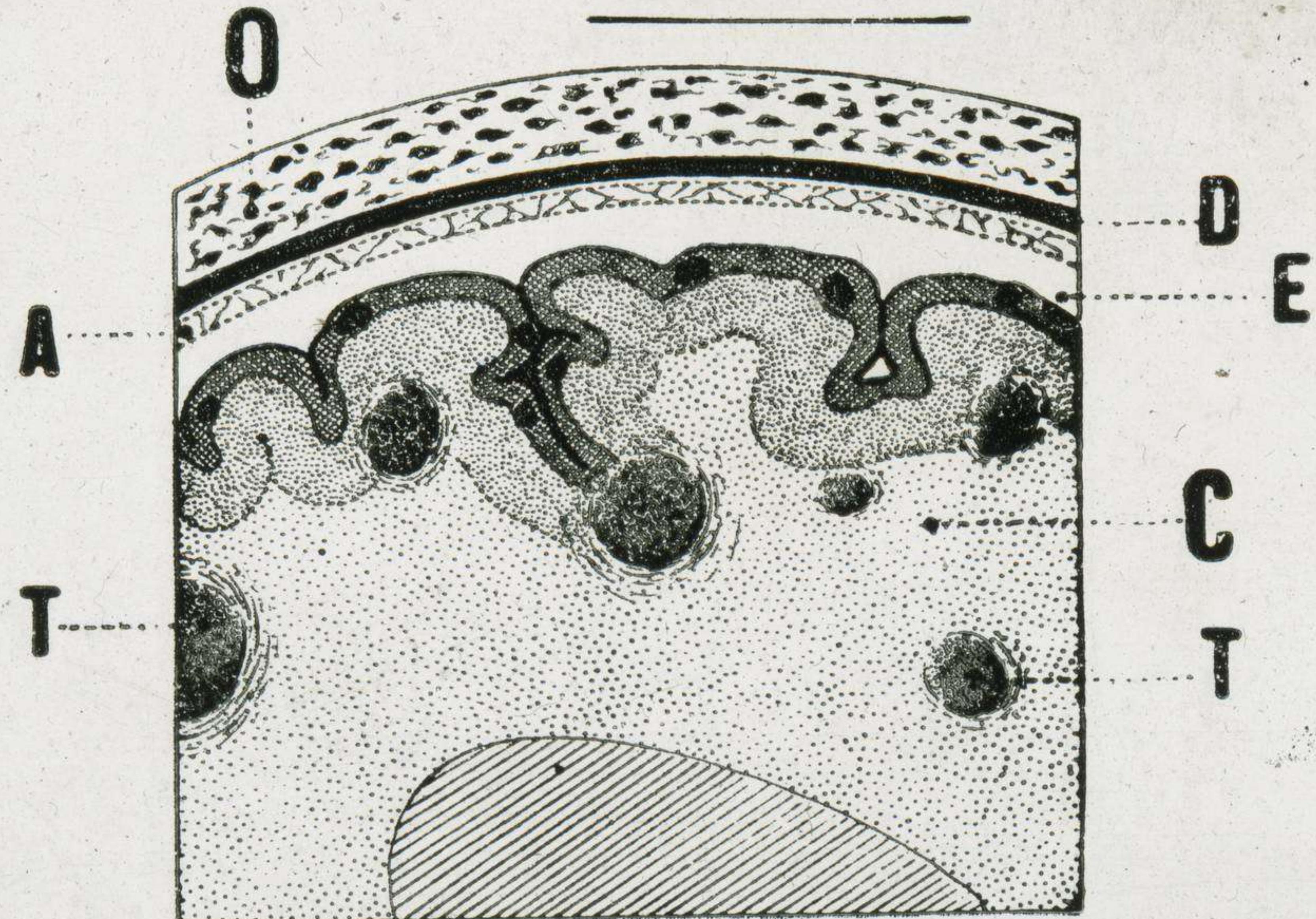
XXIX. TUBERCULOSE DES MÉNINGES.



Méningite tuberculeuse

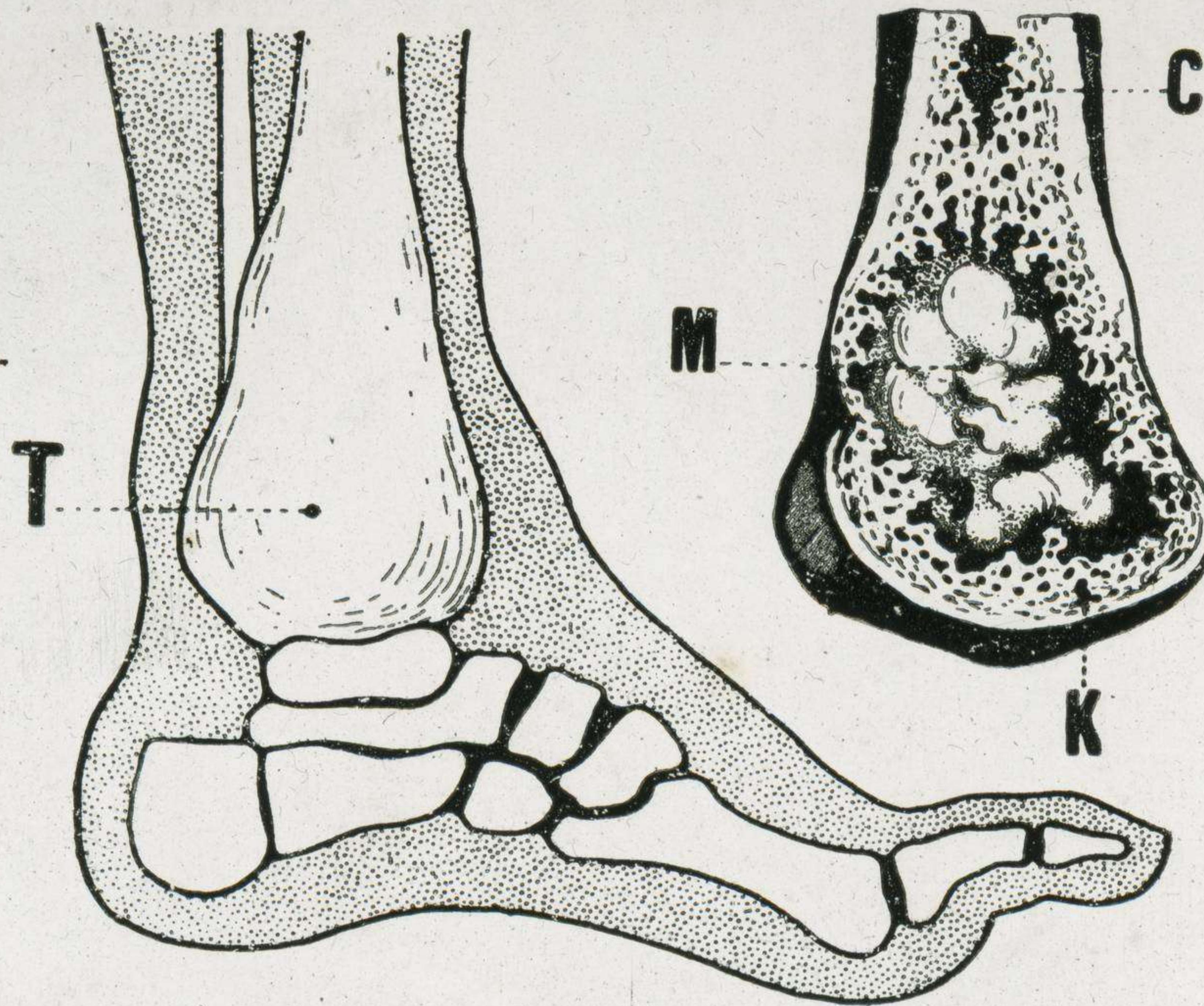
Hulinet & Voisin

XXX . T U B E R C U L O S E
D E S C E N T R E S N E R V E U X .



E. MAZO, A PARIS

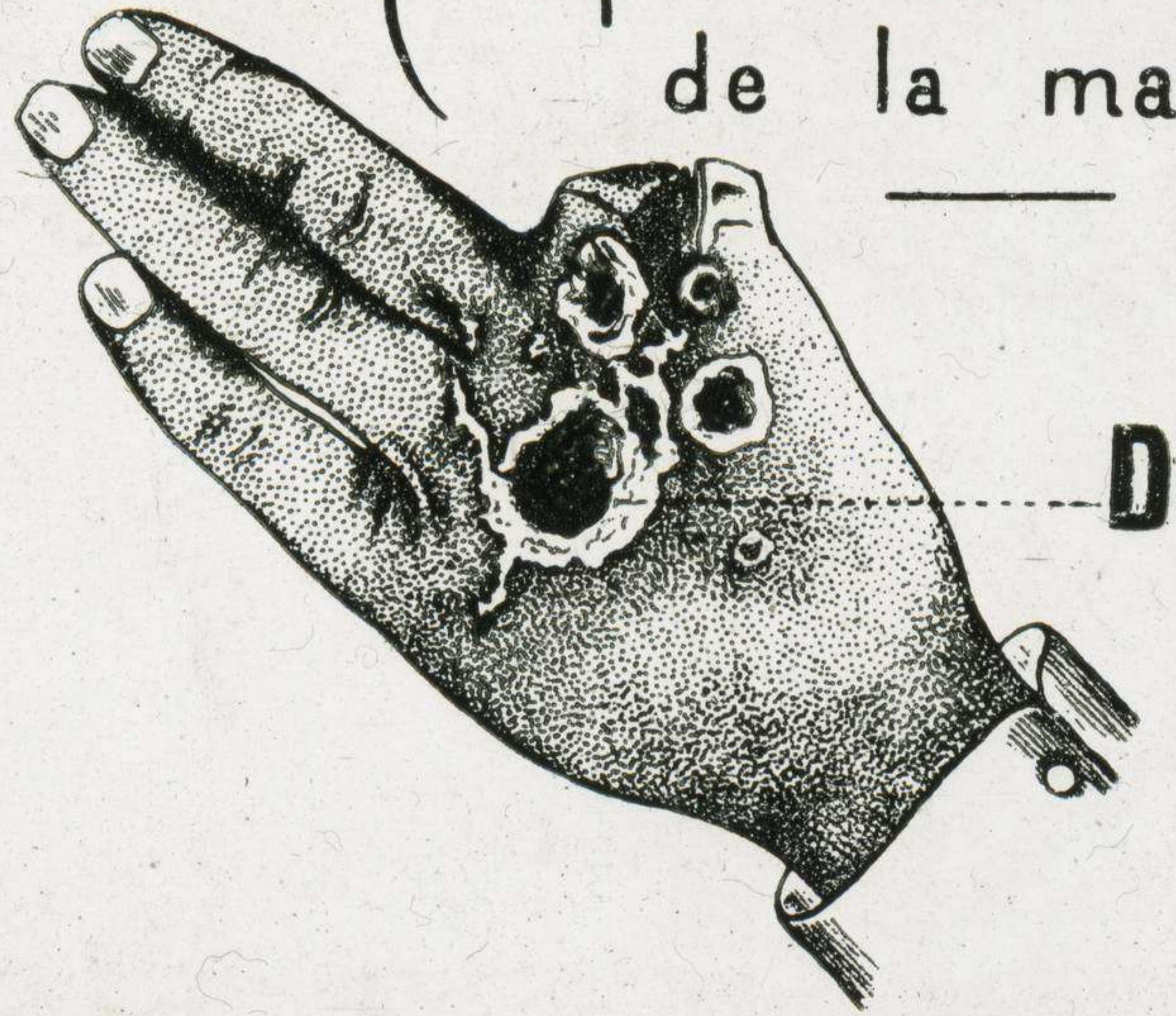
XXXI. TUBERCULOSE DES OS.



E. MAZO. A PARIS

XXXII. TUBERCULOSE
DE LA PEAU.

(Lupus mutilant
de la main)

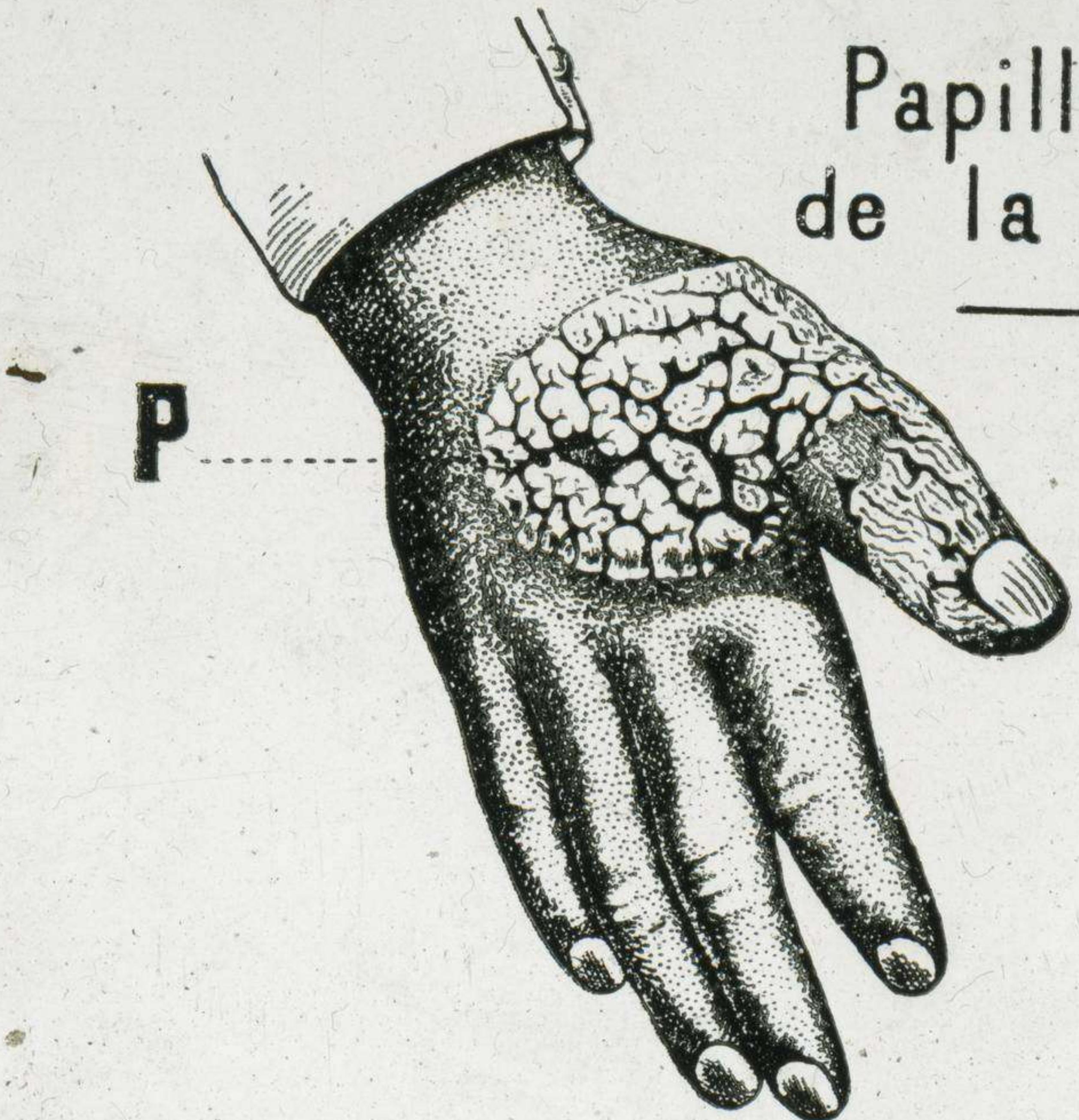


E. MAZO, à PARIS

d'apr. Beonier

XXXIII. TUBERCULOSE
DE LA PEAU.

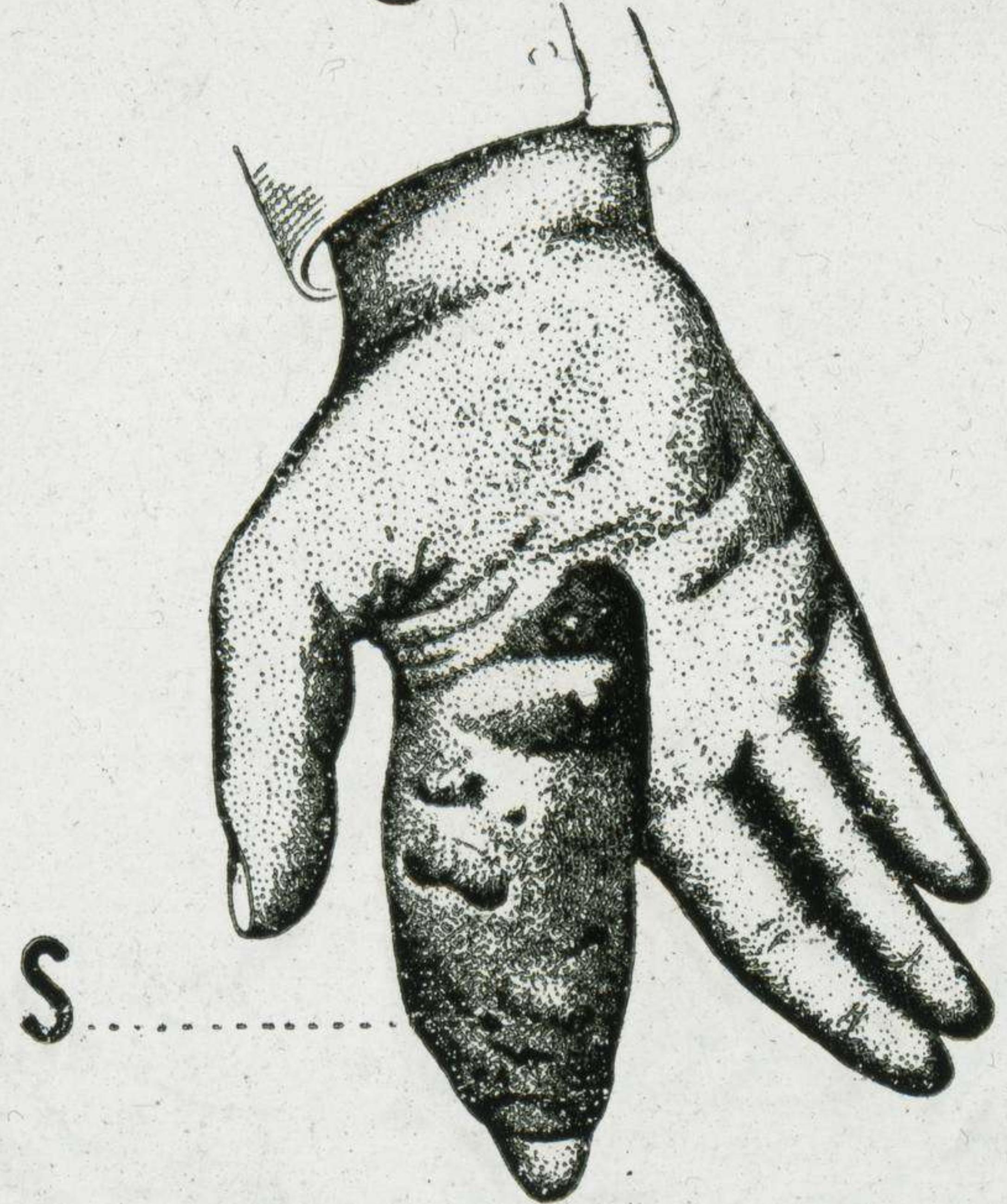
Papillome
de la main.



E. MAZO, à PARIS

d'apr. A. Calmette

XXXIV. SCROFULO-TUBERCULOSE.
(Synovite fongueuse de l'index)



E. BAUZ. & PARIS

d apr. A. Calmette

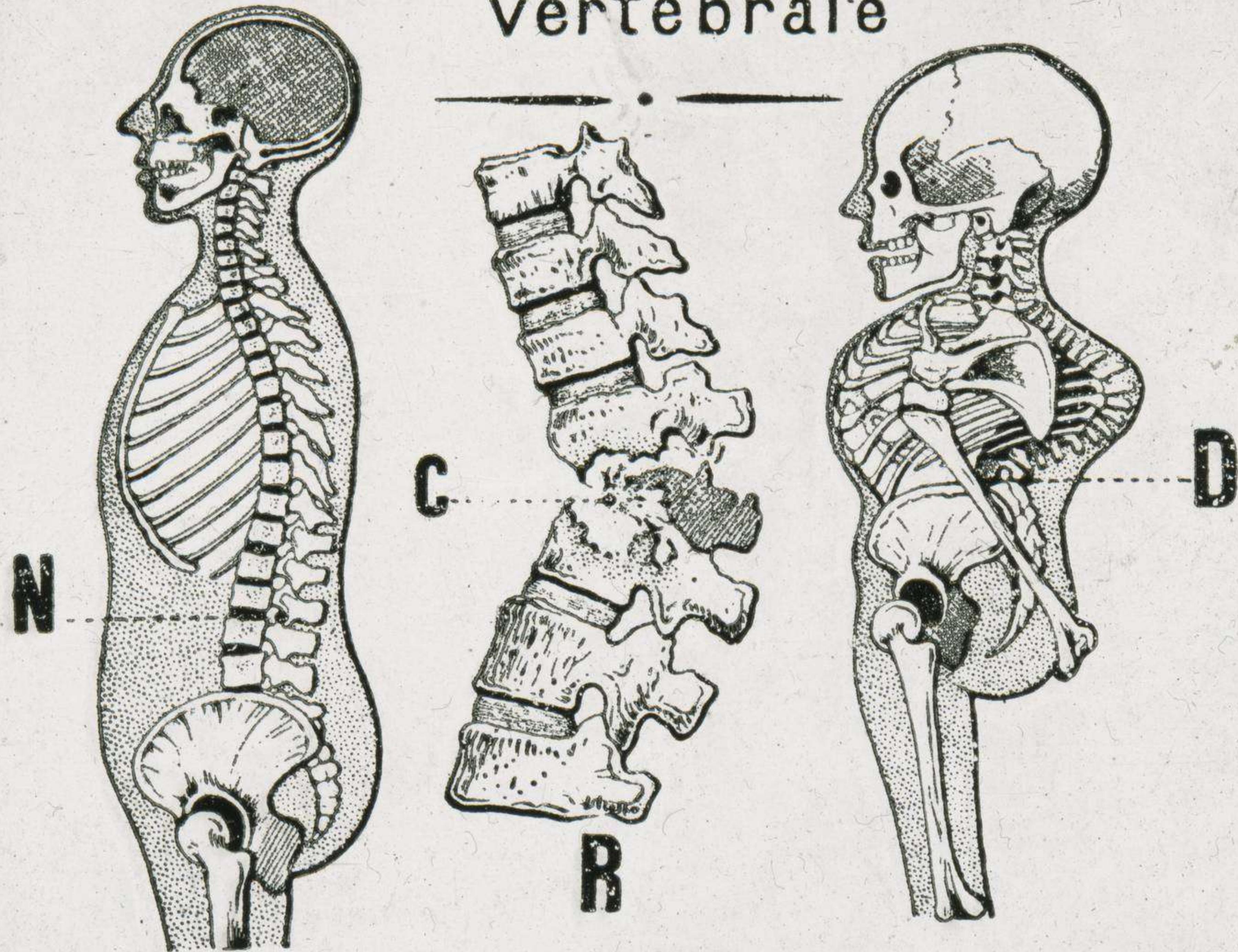
XXXV. LUPUS RONGEANT
DE LA FACE.



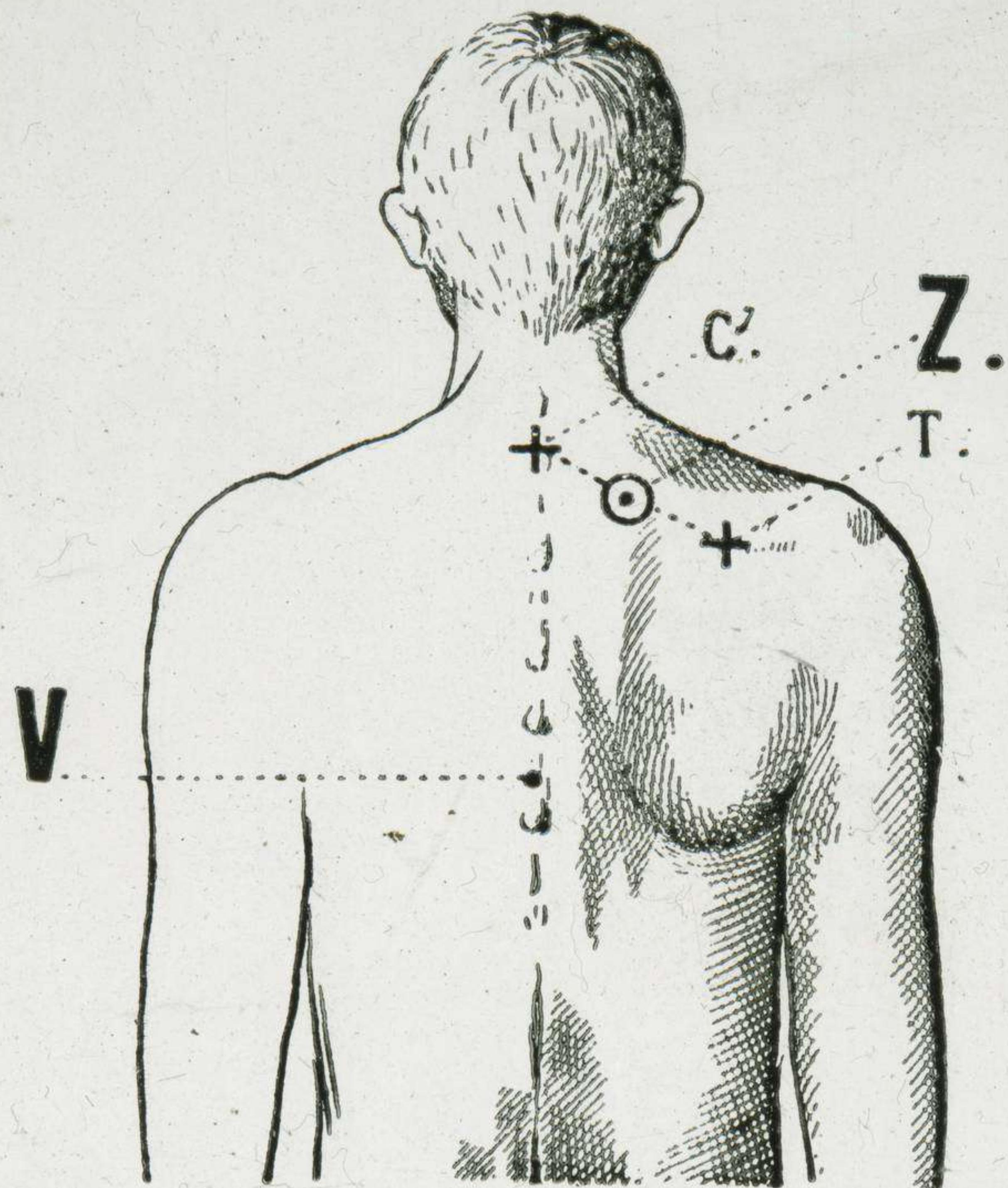
D'apr un cliché de M. le Prof^e E. Bodin.

XXXVI. MAL DE POTT.

(Tuberculose de la Colonne
vertébrale)

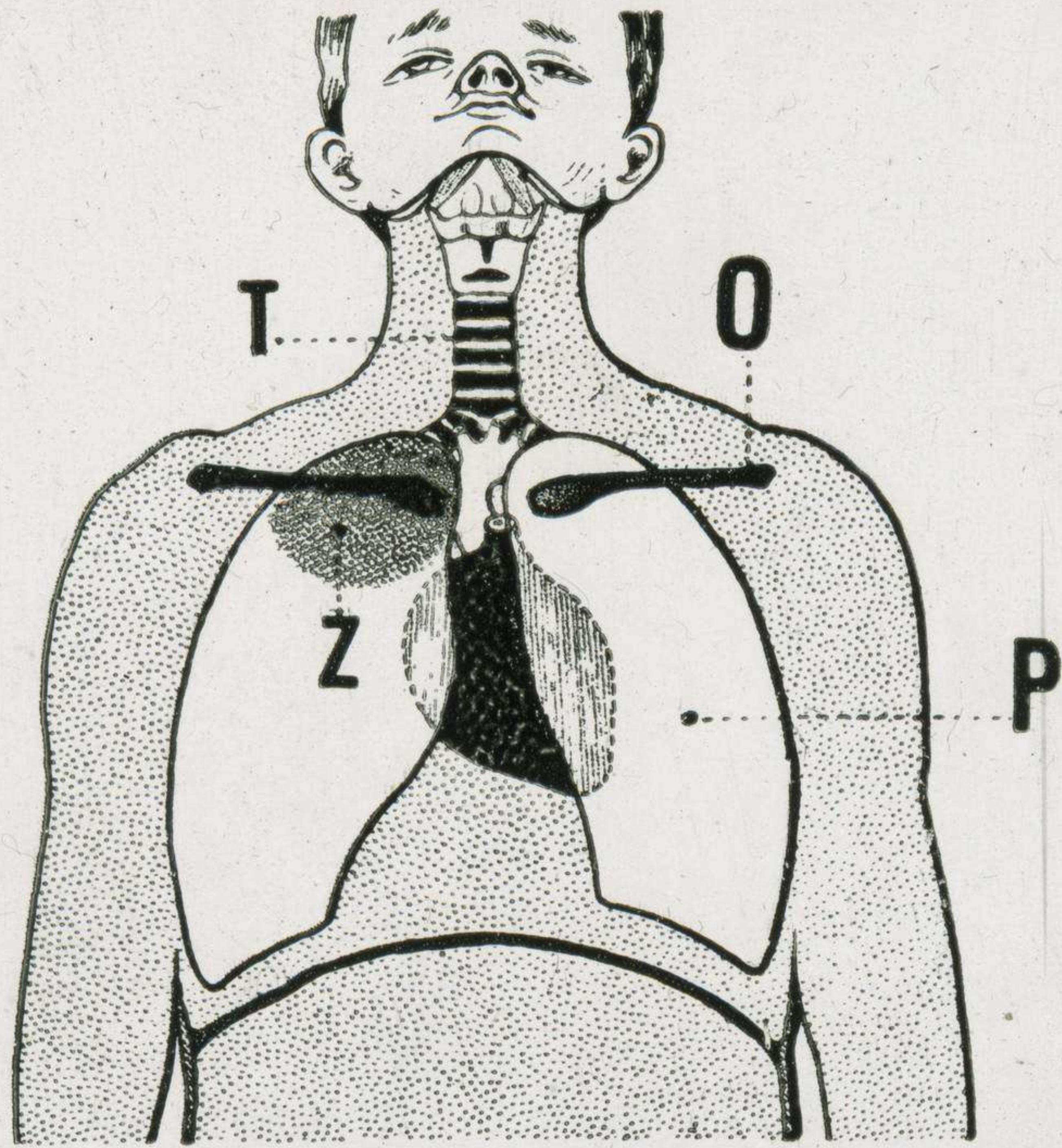


XXXVII. ZONE D'ALARME.



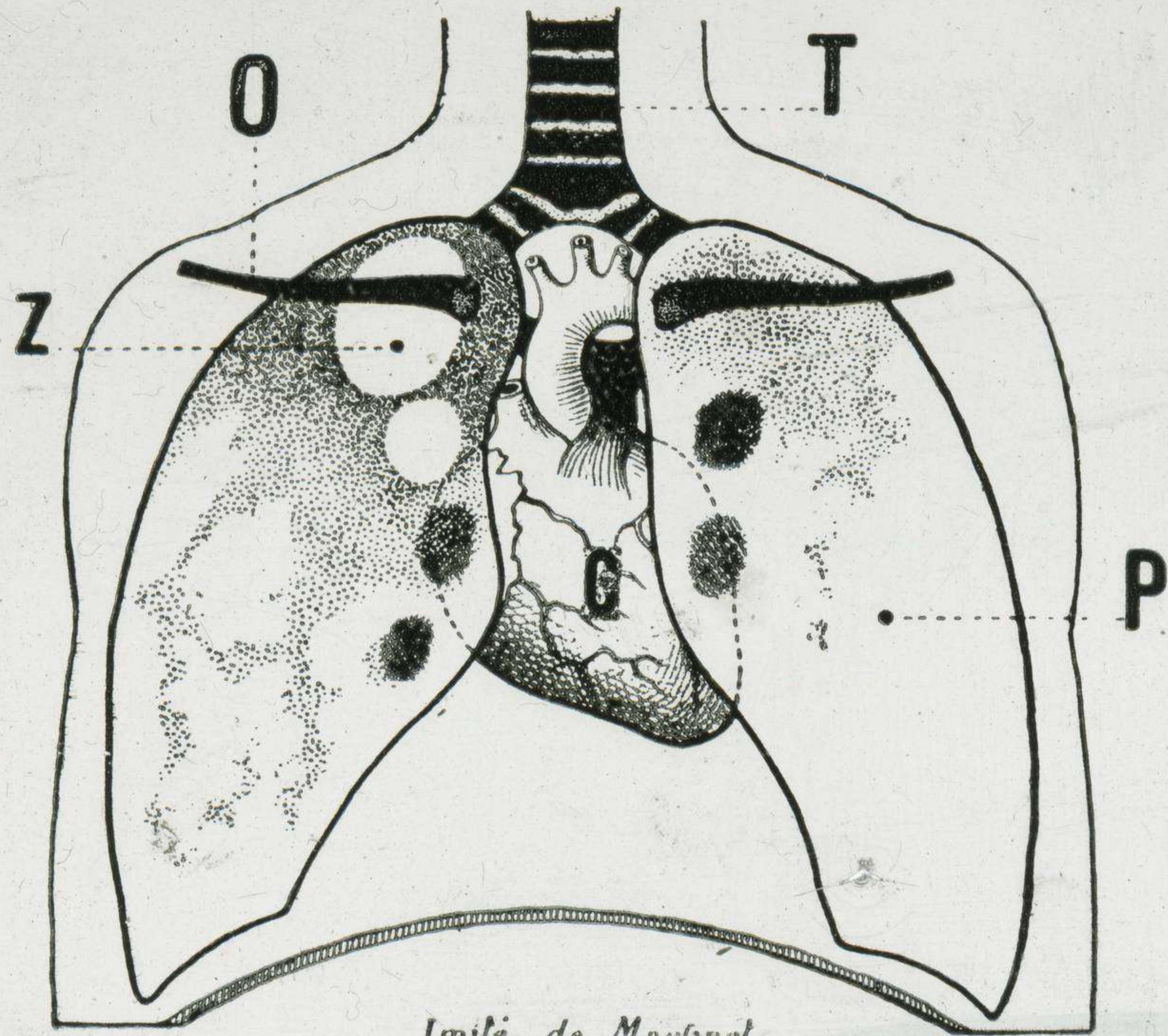
d apr A Martinet

XXXVIII. PHASE DE
CONDENSATION.

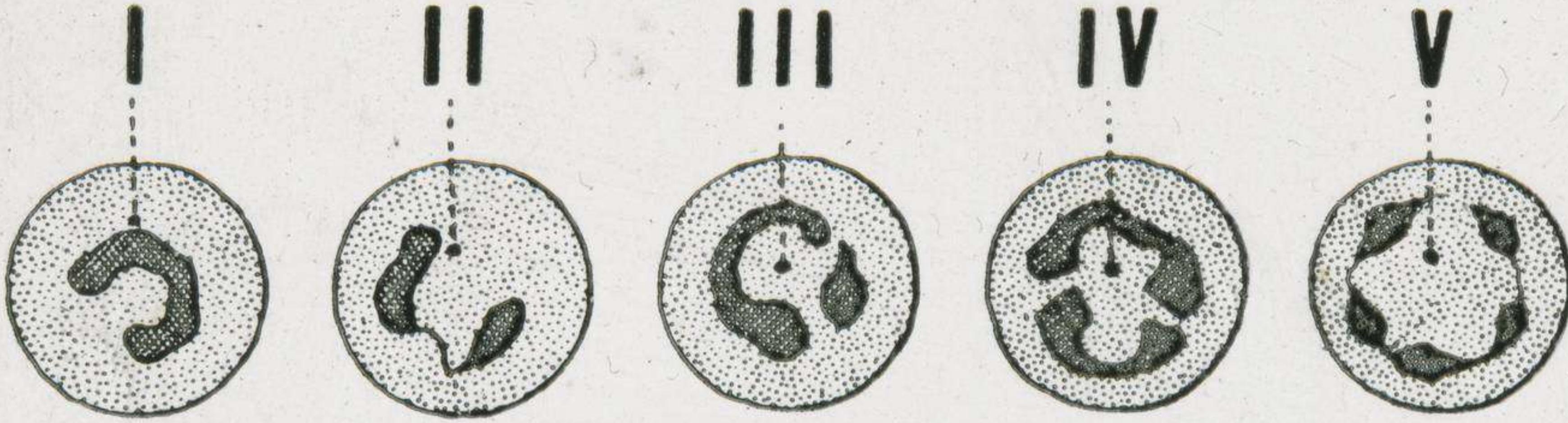


Imité de A. Martinet.

XL . PHASE DES CAVERNES.



XLI. LE SANG DES TUBERCULEUX (Figures d'Arneth)



A l'état normal, pour 100 polynucléées,
la proportion est :

K 5 I. 35 II. 41 III. 17 IV. 2 V.

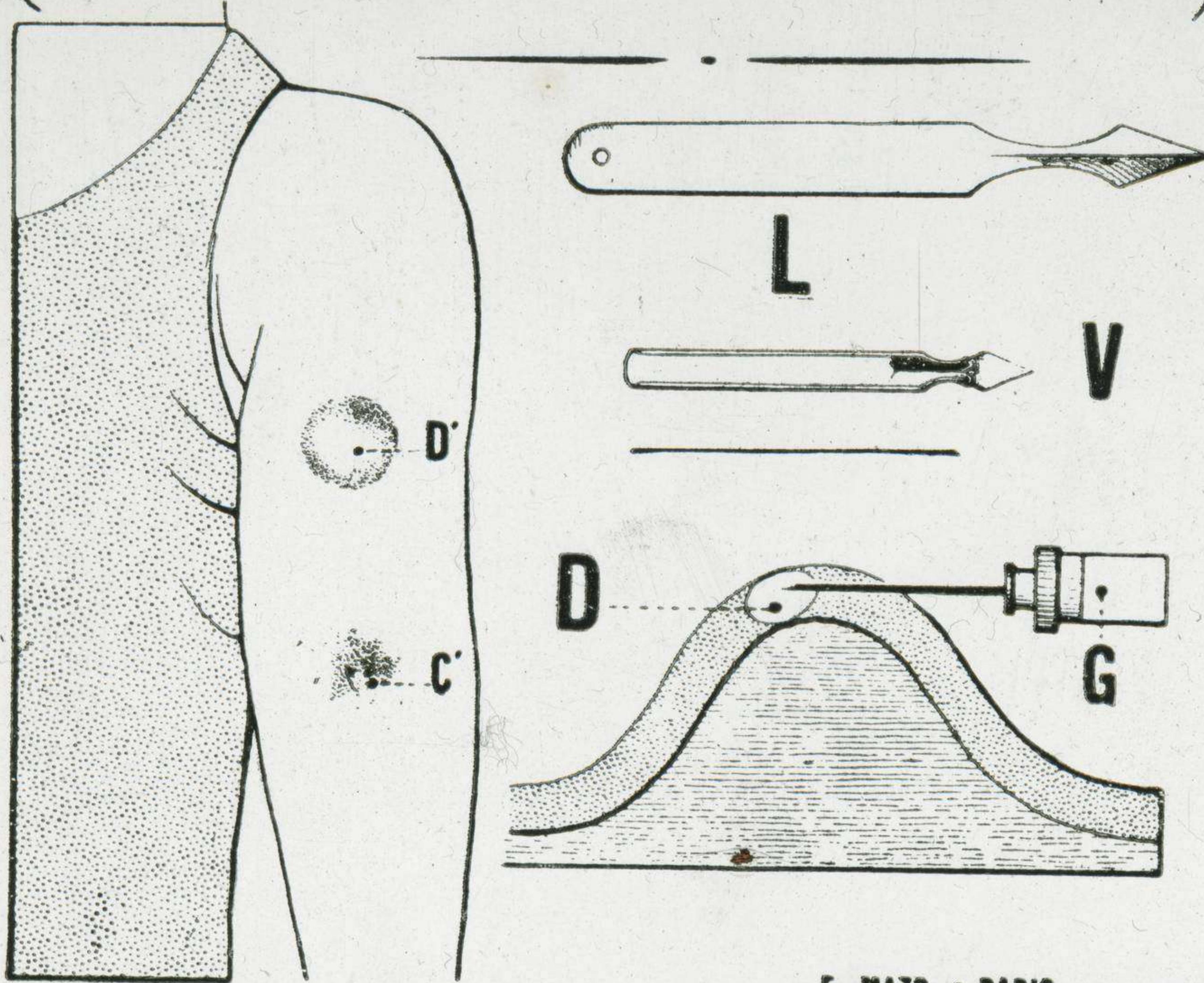
Dans la Tuberculose :

Z 41 I. 35 II. 19 III. 5 IV. 0 V.

Augmentation considérable des polynucléées
du type (I); diminution correspondante de
ceux des types (III IV et V)

XLII. LES TUBERCULINES.

(Cuti-réaction et dermo-réaction)

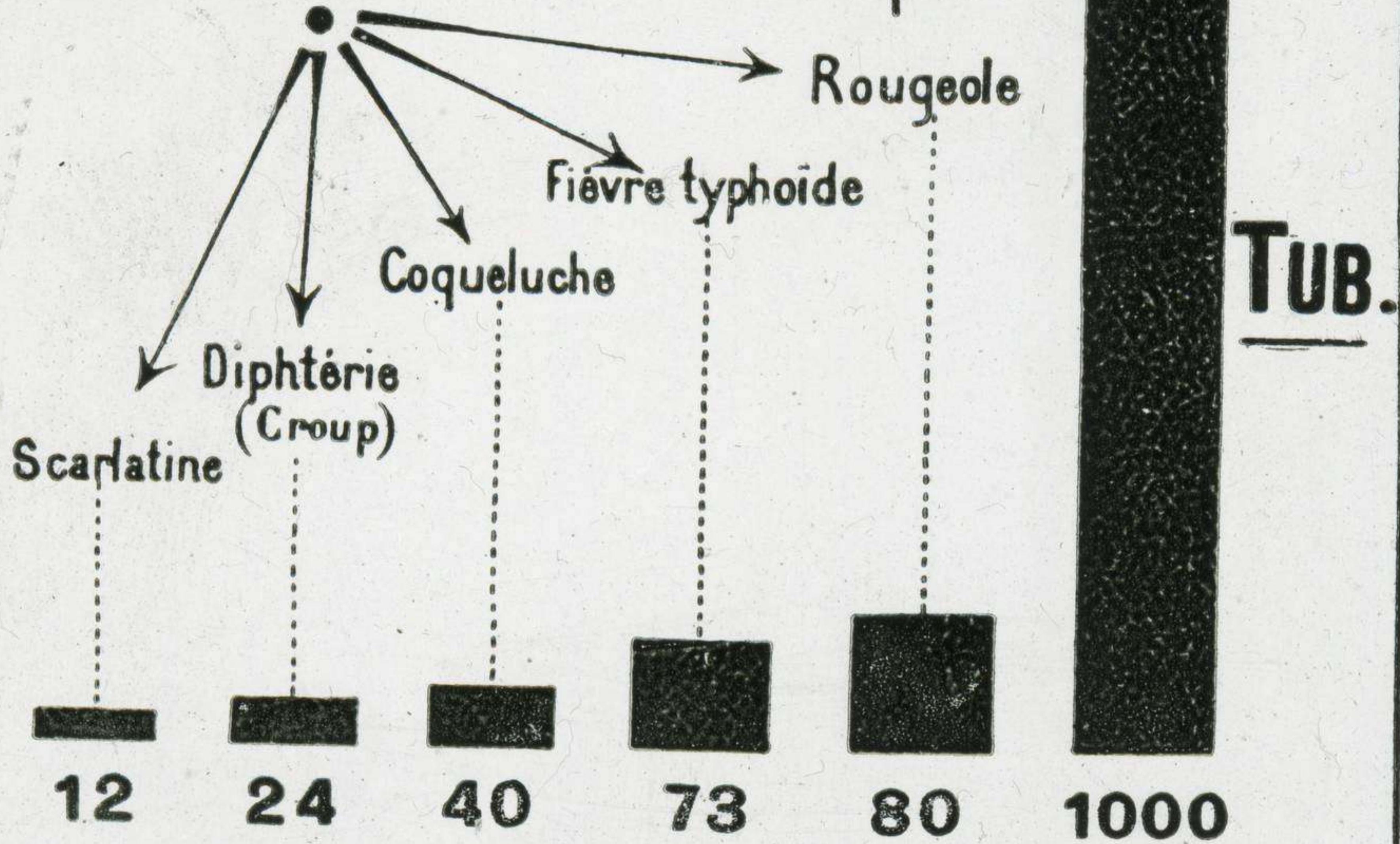


E. MAZO. à PARIS

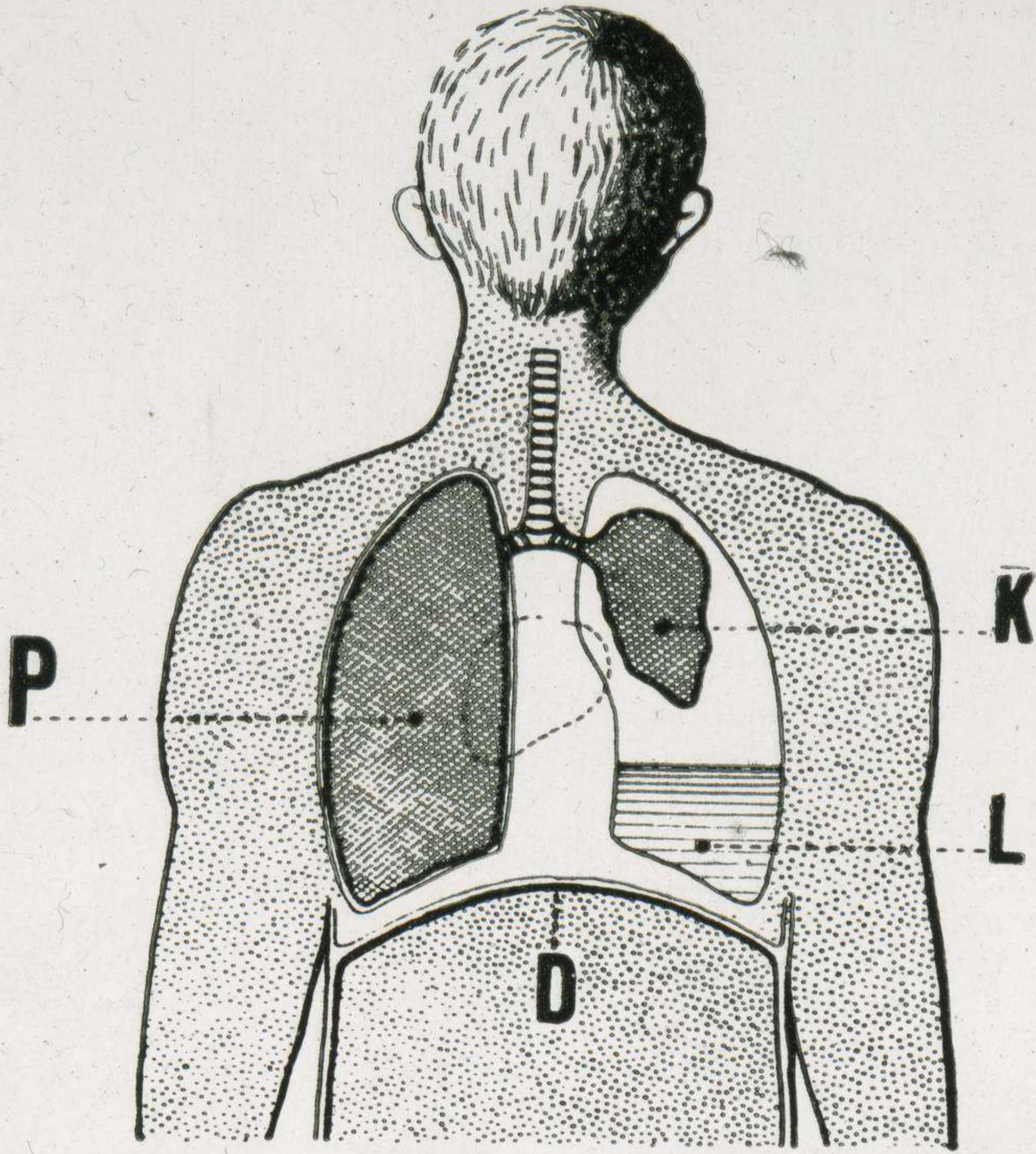
XLIII . MORTALITÉ COMPARÉE.

(150.000 décès annuels)

Contre 1000 décès , dus à la Tuberculose , on en compte :

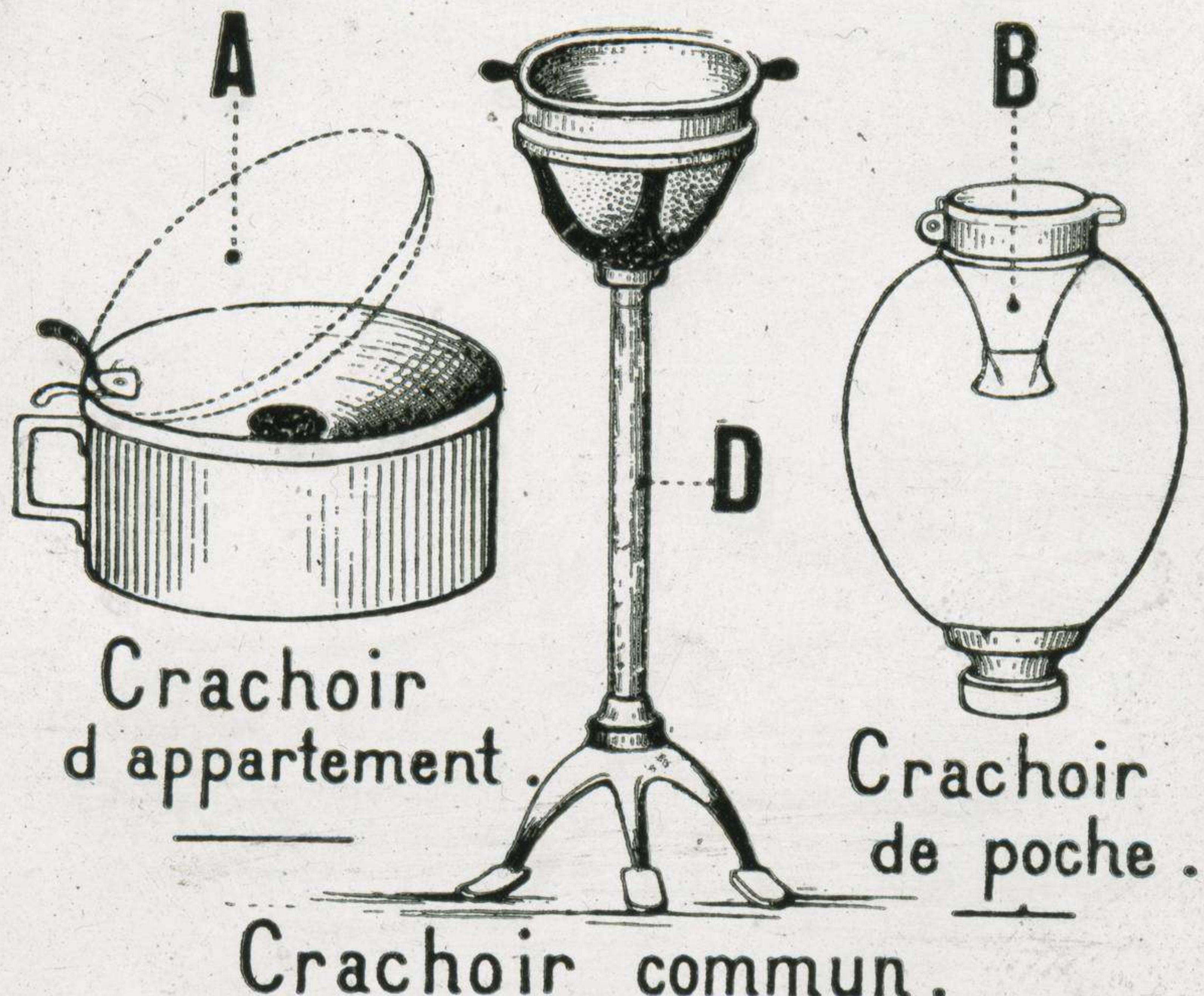


XLIV. PNEUMOTHORAX ARTIFICIEL.

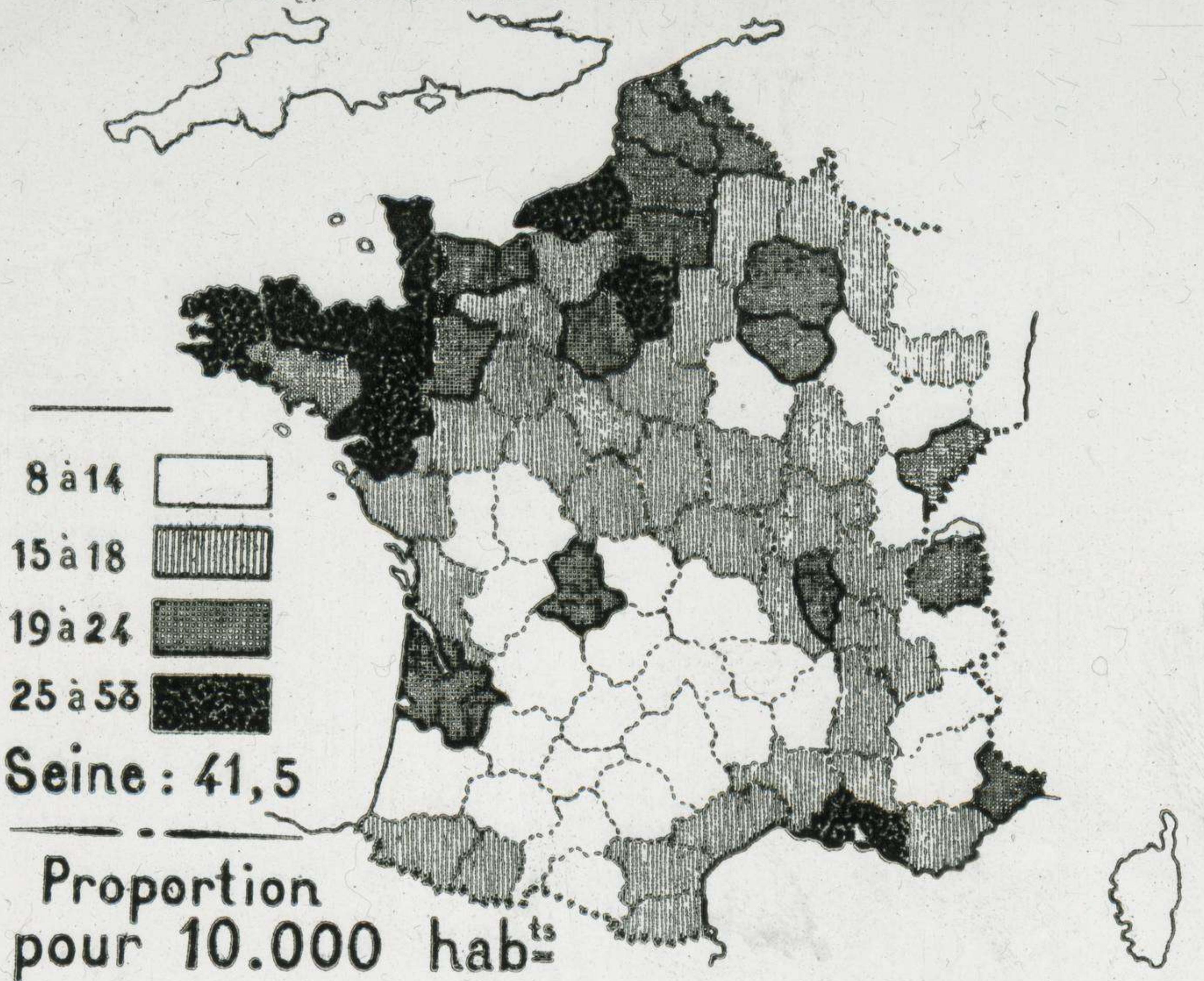


D'apr. Sergent

XLV. PROPHYLAXIE. (différentes formes de Crachoirs)



XLVI. DISTRIBUTION DE LA TUBERCULOSE EN FRANCE.



XLVII. PRÉCEPTES A MÉDITER

On peut éviter
la
TUBERCULOSE

RESPIRER
au grand air

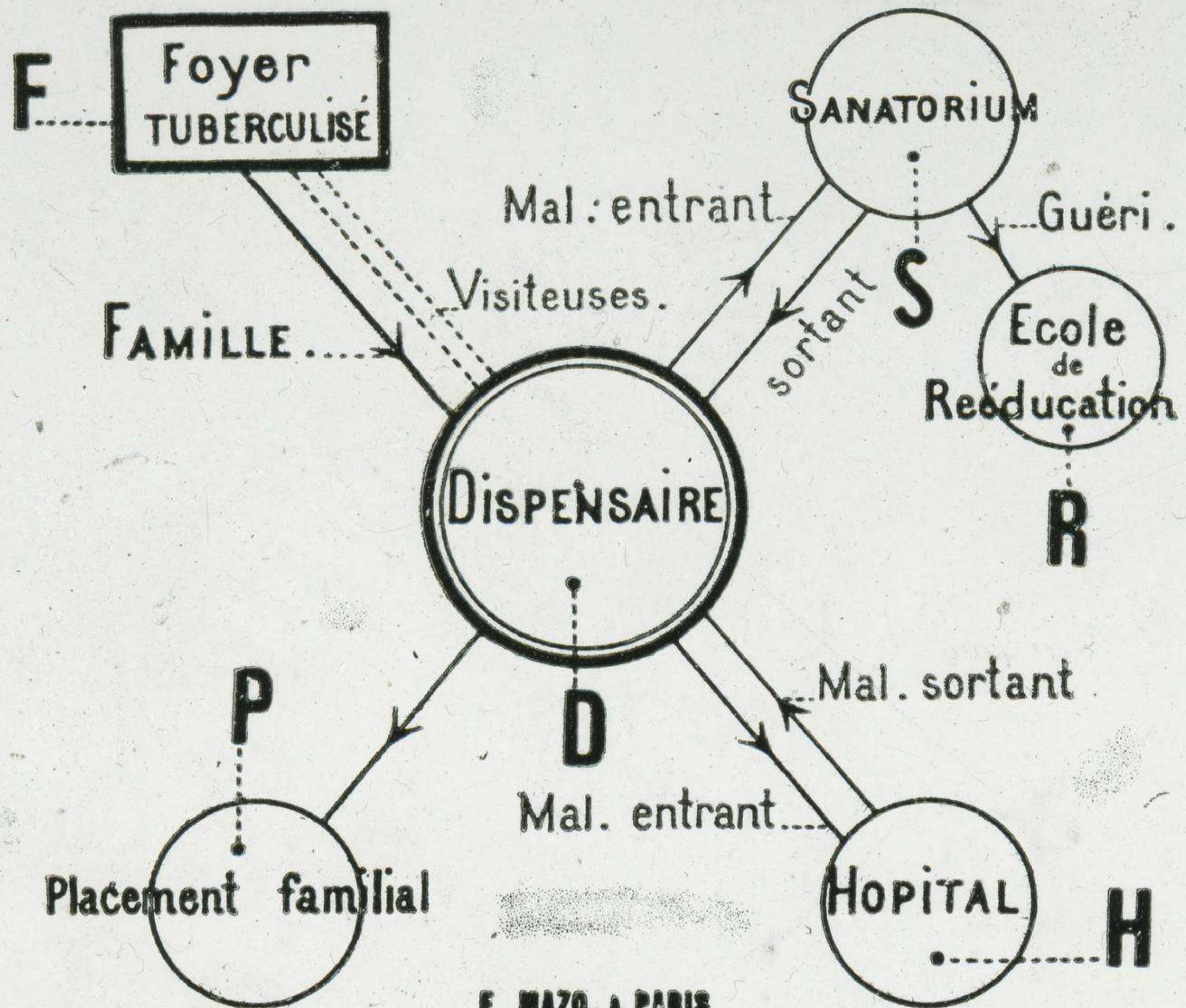
DORMIR les
fenêtres ouvertes

Ne pas cracher
par terre

Laver ses mains
avant
les repas

La Tuberculose
est
guérissable

XLVIII. DISPENSAIRES ET SANATORIUMS.



D'apr. L. Bernard.

E. MAZO, A PARIS